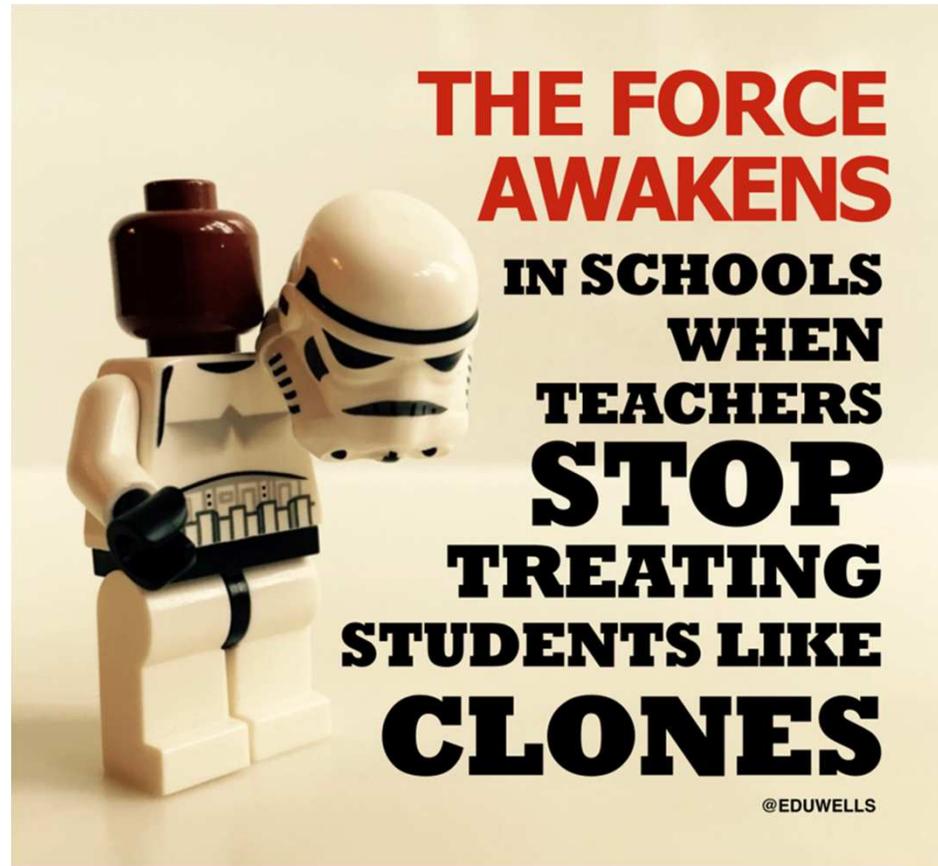


When in noise – “I can’t hear myself think!”

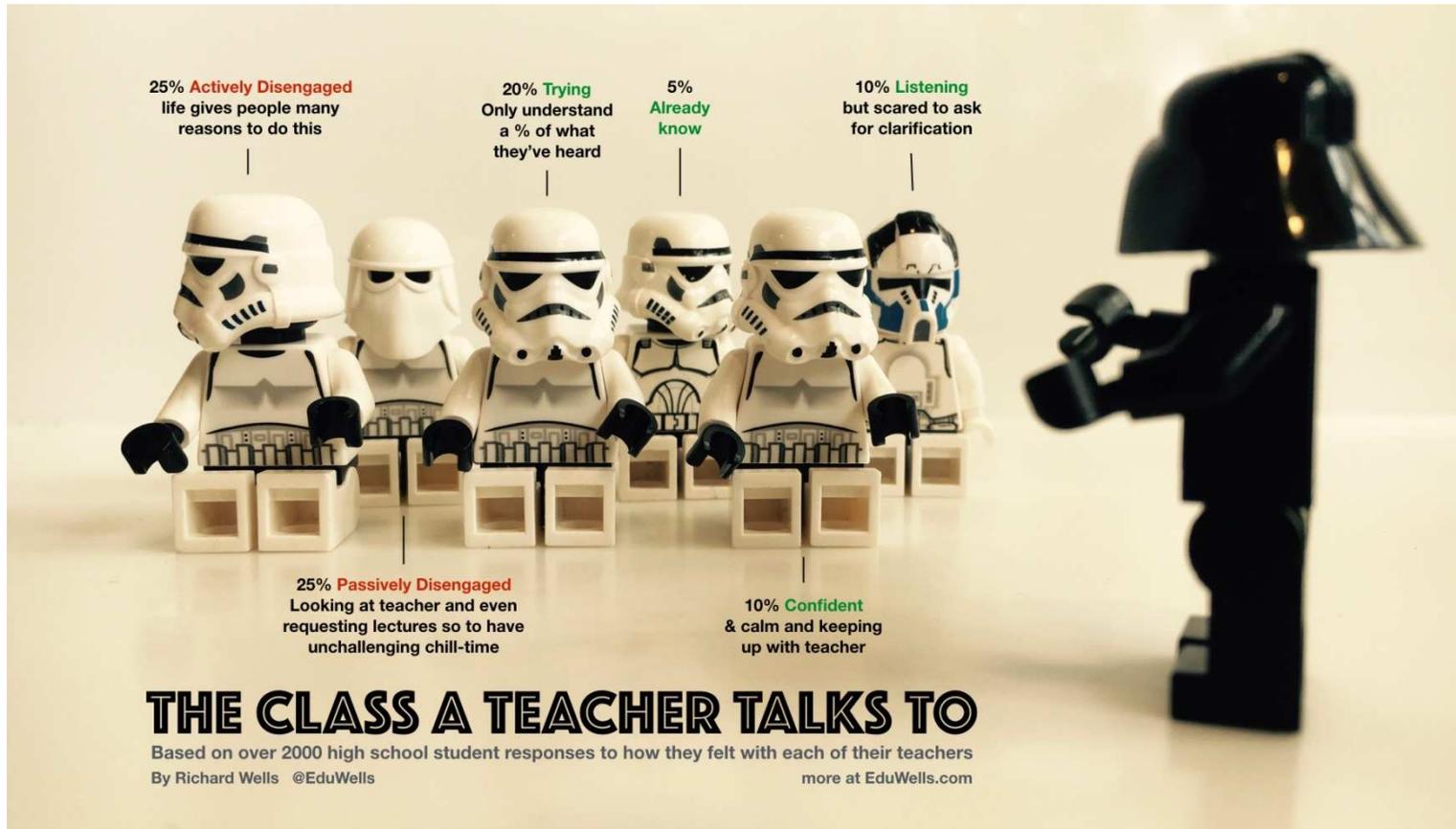
how does it affect teaching and learning activities?



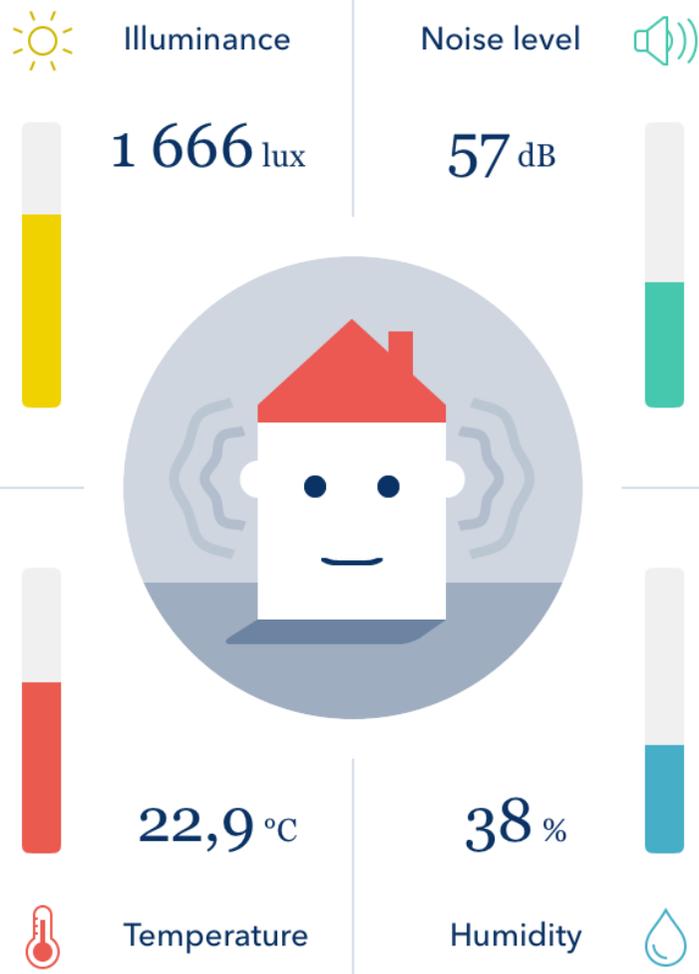
Education is changing....
It is no longer like it was in my day!



More engagement is needed!



#IEQ Indoor Environmental Quality



Noise is now recognised as second most damaging to our health after air pollution



**World Health
Organization**

Ecophon[®]
SAINT-GOBAIN

A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE

Drawing in a quiet environment



Same drawing in a noisy environment



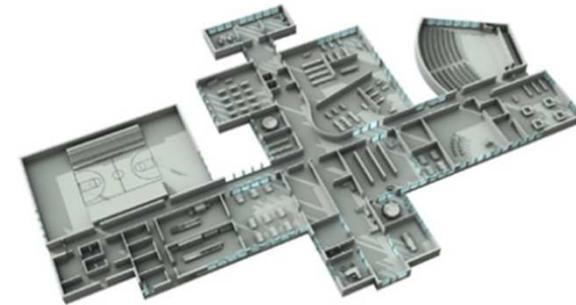
Same child / drawing different sound levels



Pictures from 'Sound Education Seminar', Camilla Lydiksen, CEO ADHD-foreningen

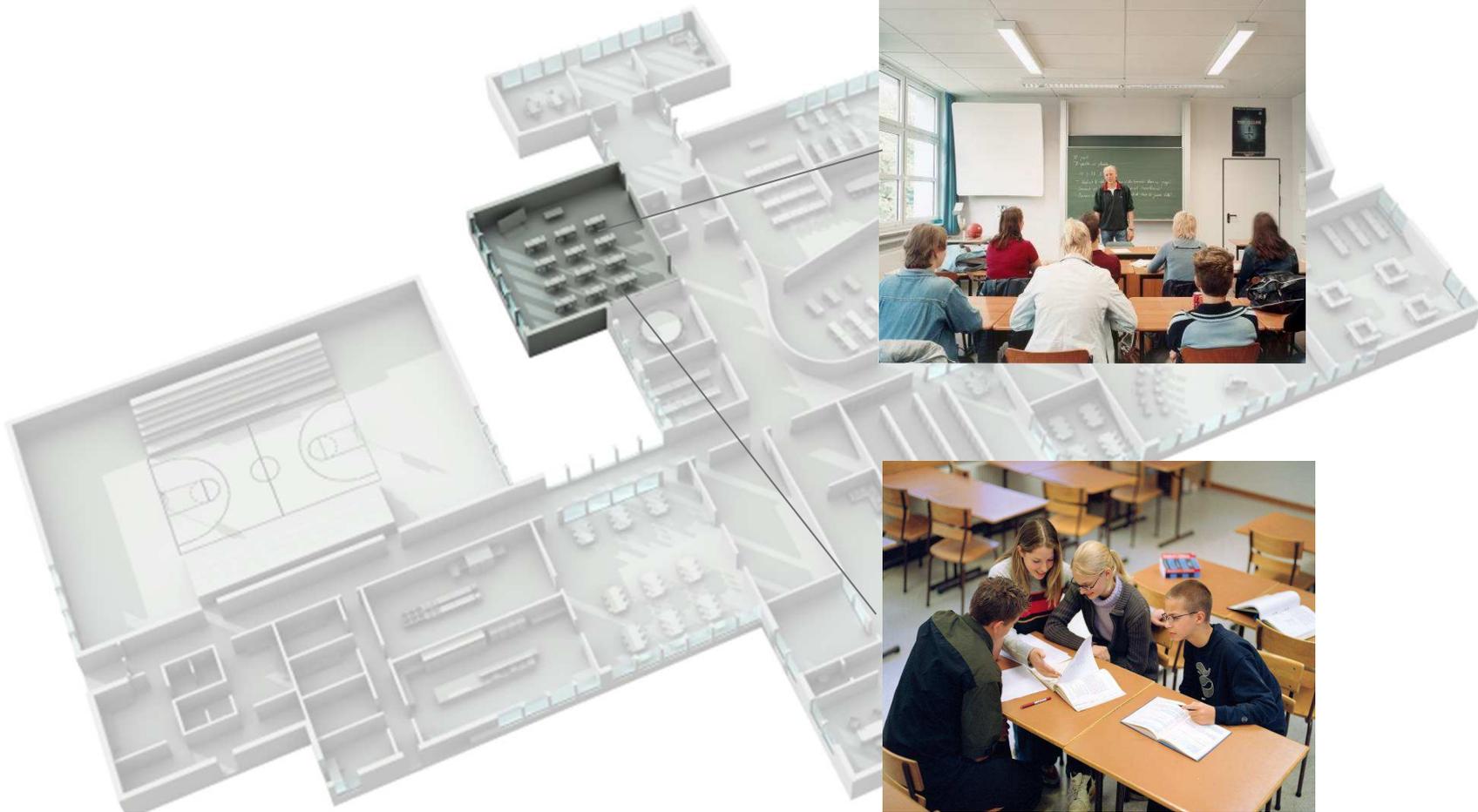
Acoustics in and beyond the classroom

Create the natural outdoors - outdoors vs indoors



Ecophon[®]
SAINT-GOBAIN

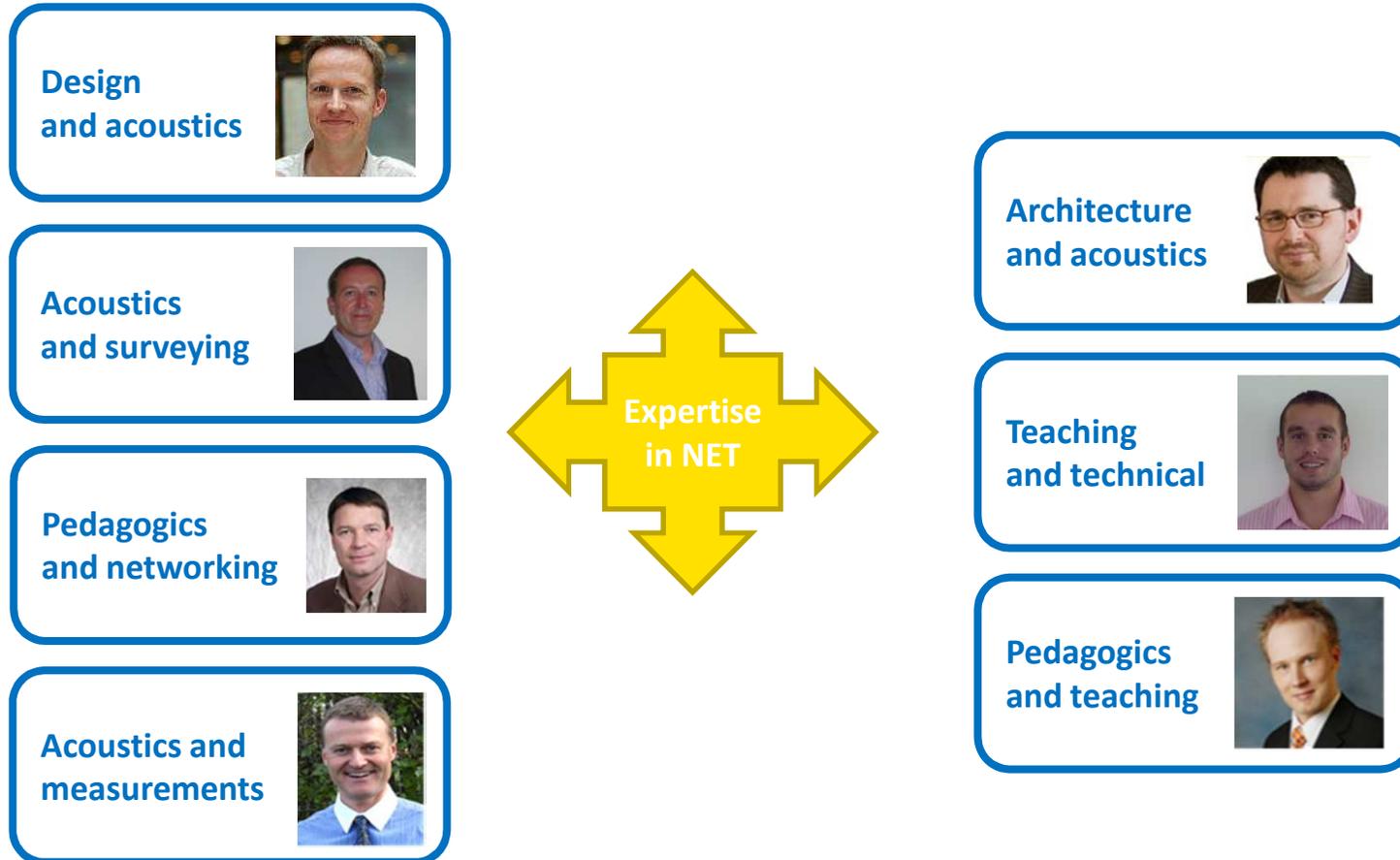
A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE



Ecophon[®]
SAINT-GOBAIN

A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE

Our resources - human capital in EDUnet



Key Classroom acoustic studies:

EDUnet
Drive &
cooperation

 Heriot-Watt University
Edinburgh

(1997-99)

High performance
acoustics leads to
higher educational
quality

 Universität Bremen

(2001-2006)

Acoustic focus on
teaching and
learning conditions.
Improved teacher
working conditions.
Improve student
learning conditions.

 The Essex Study
Optimised classroom acoustics for all

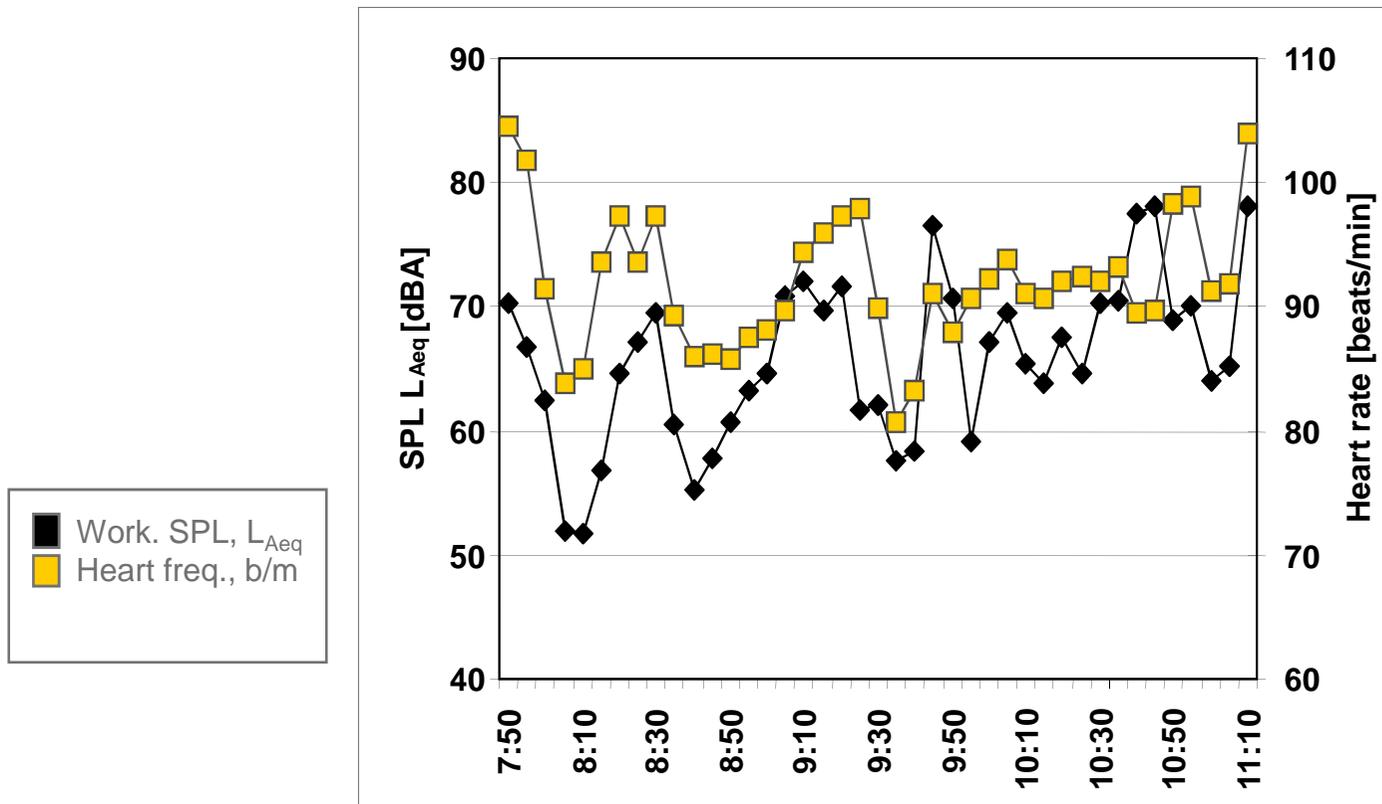
(2007-2012)

Increasing acoustic
shows a clear link
preferred acoustic
qualities for both
teachers and students



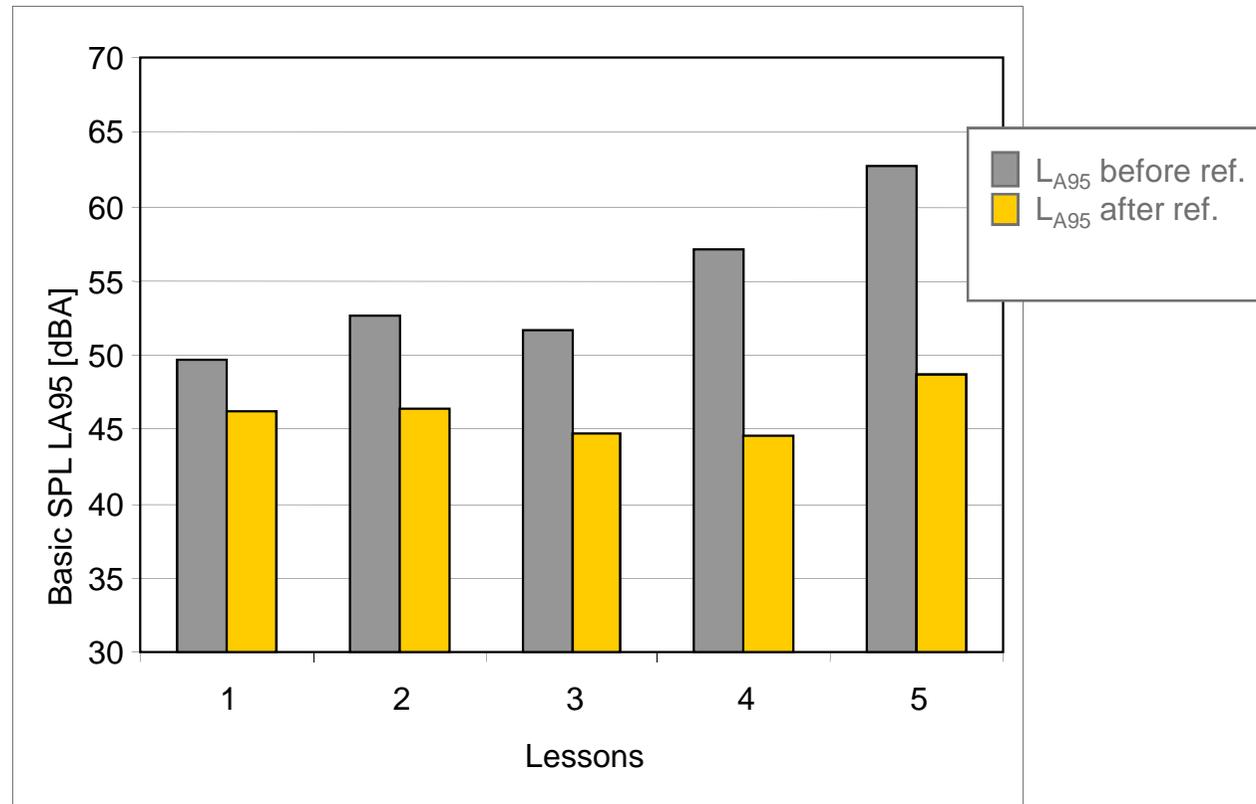
Work Load Stress

Working SPL and average Heart Rate_{5min} of the teacher



Classroom noise and concentration

Increase of Basic SPL (L_{A95}) before and after refurbishment



Data: Lab School, all lessons_

Teaching styles and sound level differences

Working Sound Pressure levels ($L_{Aeq,5min}$) before and after refurbishment



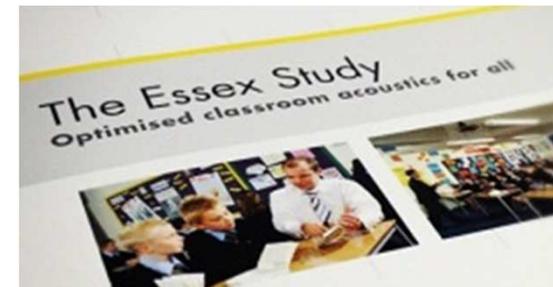
Essex Study- Optimised classroom acoustics for all

Study financed by Essex County Council, NDCS, FPS and the ANC
Carried out by Hear2Learn and AJA Ltd

Is there a benefit designing for the Inclusion of Hearing Impaired students
- for all students and teachers?



(2007- 2012) UK



Essex Study - 4 classrooms – 3 acoustic criteria



1. Untreated "control" room



2. BB93 Min (Tmf)



3. BB93 Hi (Tmf)



4. BATOD
(125-4000Hz)



A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE



Sound Education

Essex Study - "Balloon pop" - room response

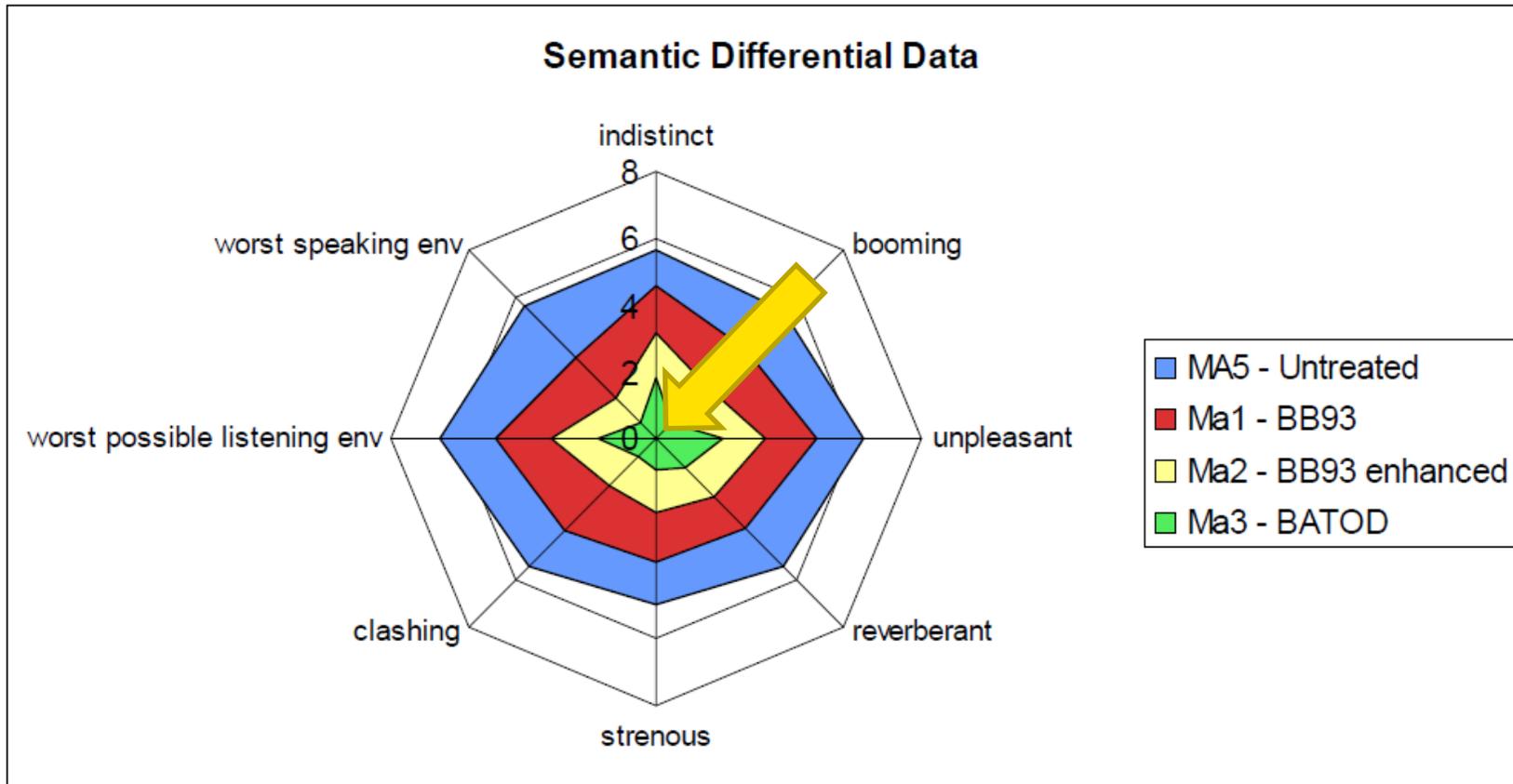
Short Version Bad - Good

Visit www.soundeducation.tv

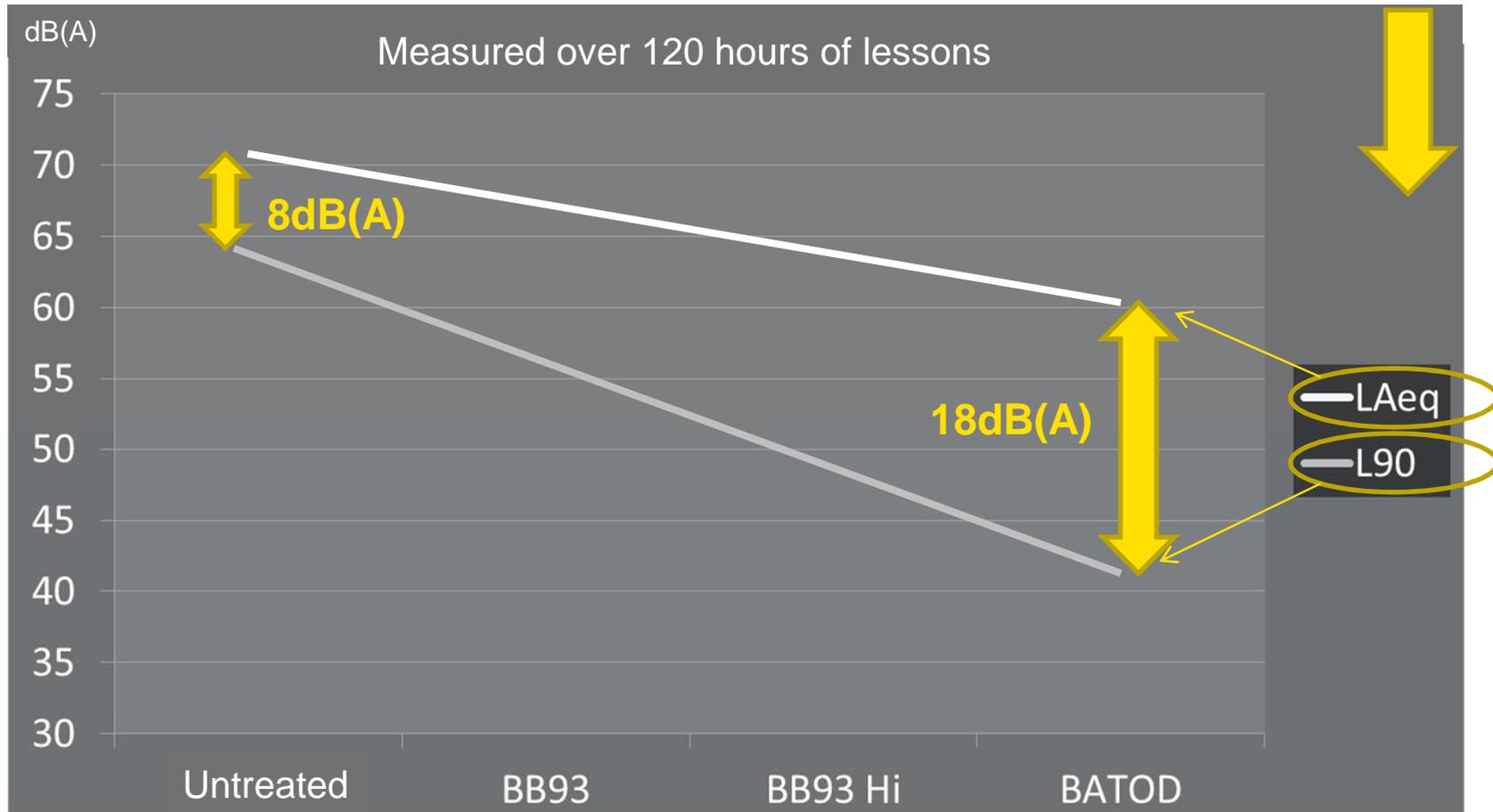
Brought to you by **Ecophon**
SAINT-GOBAIN
A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE

Ecophon[®]
SAINT-GOBAIN
A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE

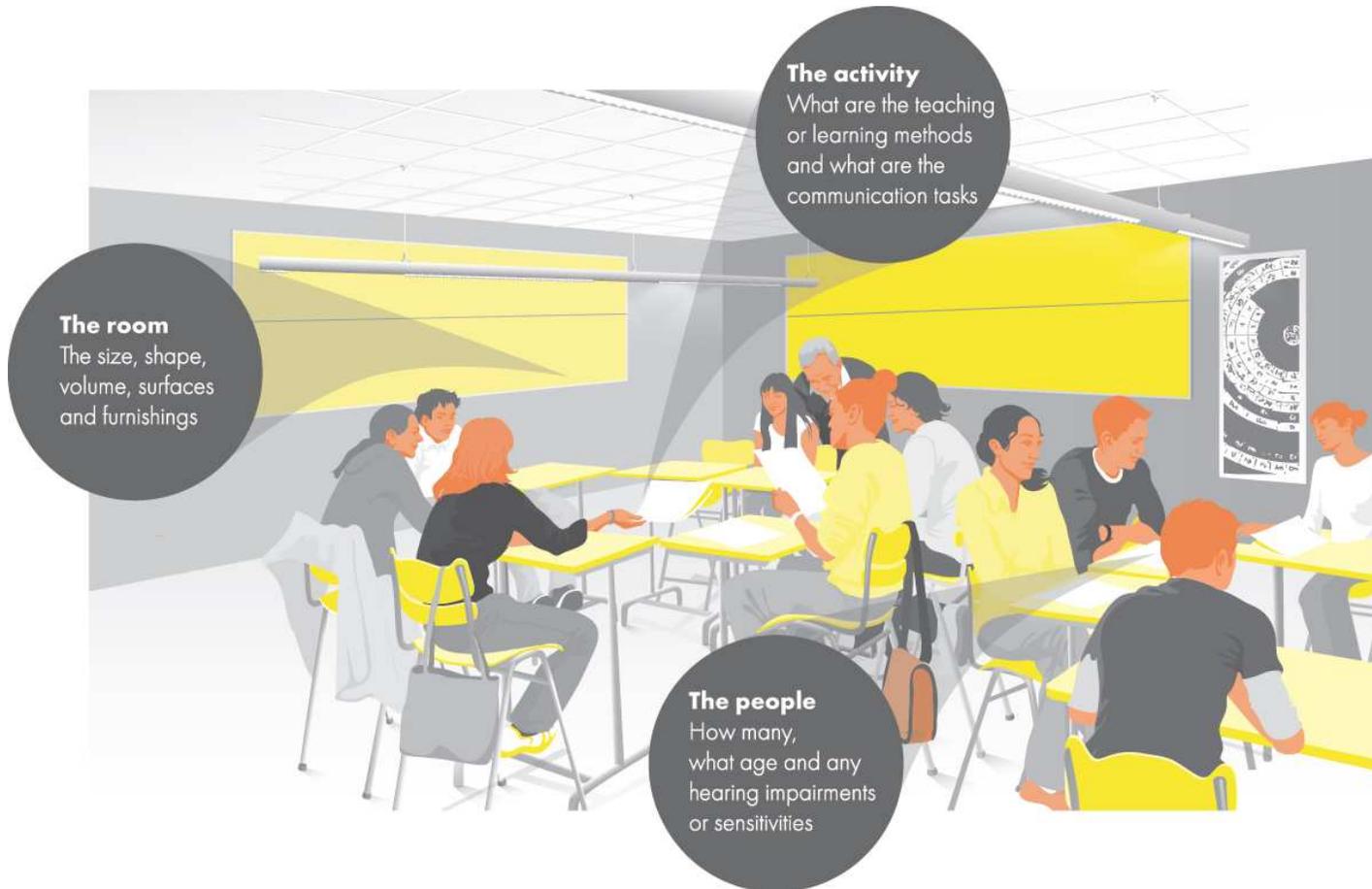
Eliminating the perceived negatives



Sound levels (SNR) – "Reverse Lombard"



Activity Based Acoustic Design approach



Need for balancing room acoustic qualities

- Sound
- Speech Clarity
- Reverberance
- Reverberance in low frequencies



Sound Strength



Speech Clarity



Reverberation
Time



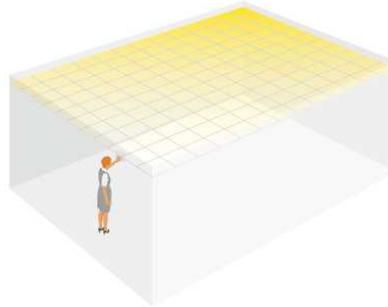
Low frequencies

Acoustic conditions for Speech, Listening & Learning



Speakers voice

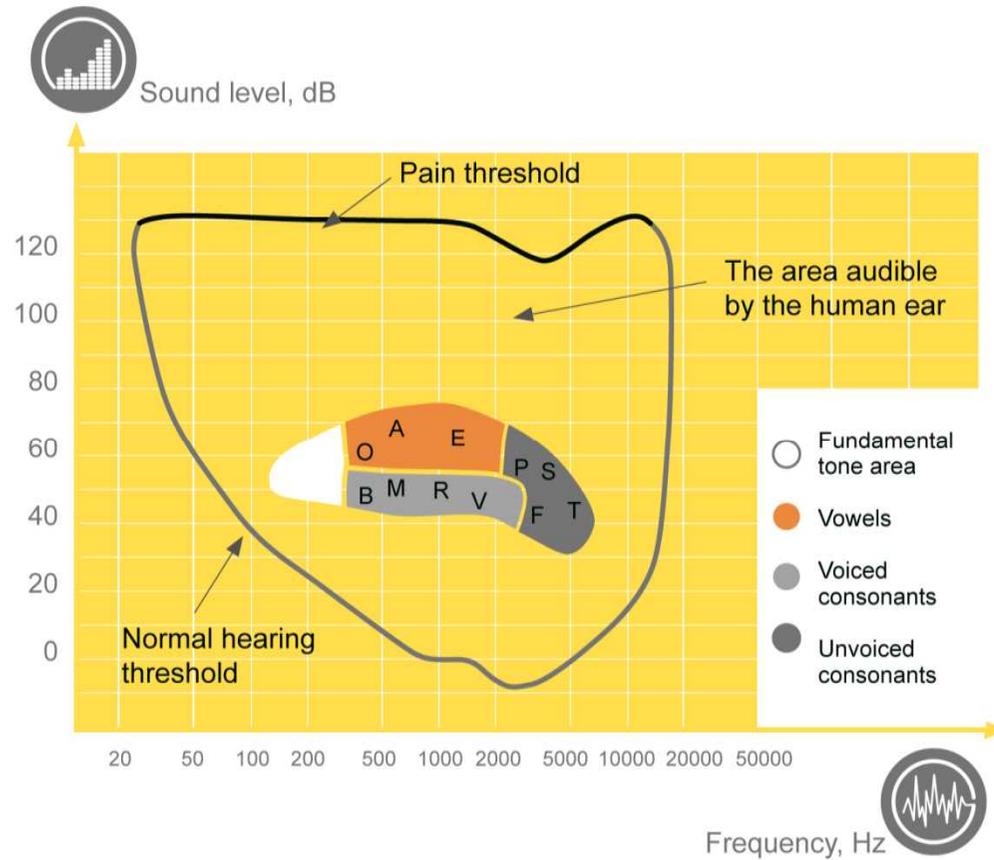
Room acoustics



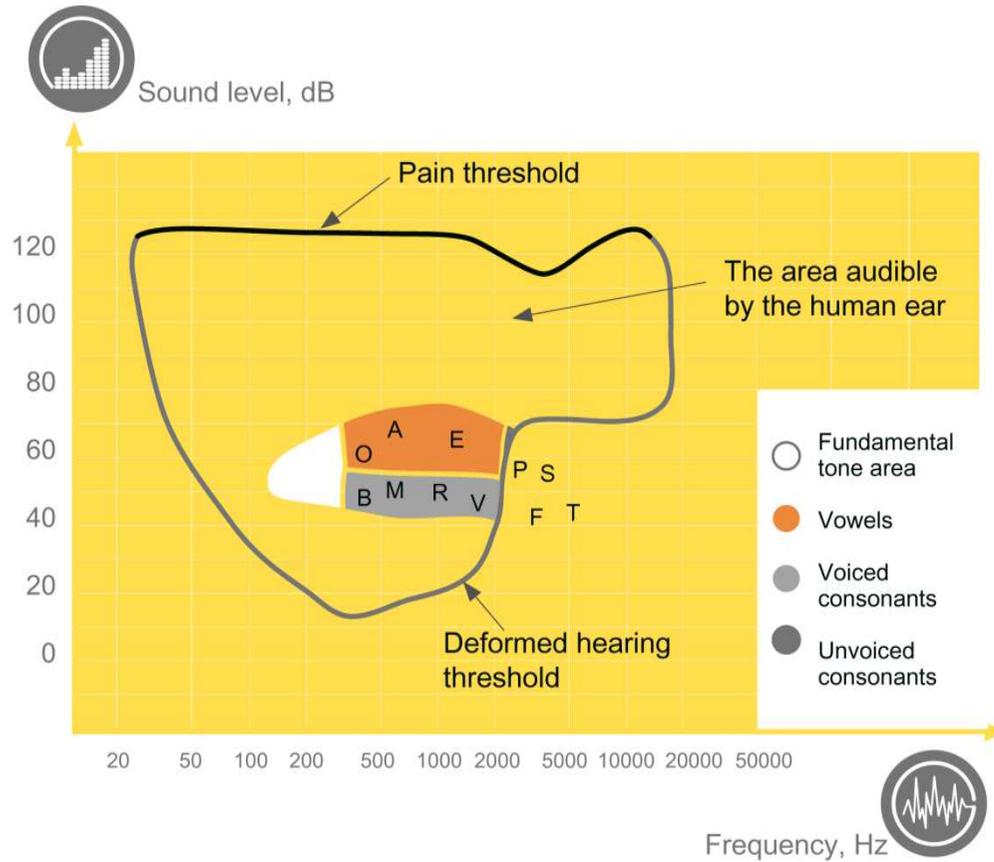
Listeners ears

- Hear the speech clearly
- Understand what is said
- Remember what was said
- Capacity to think

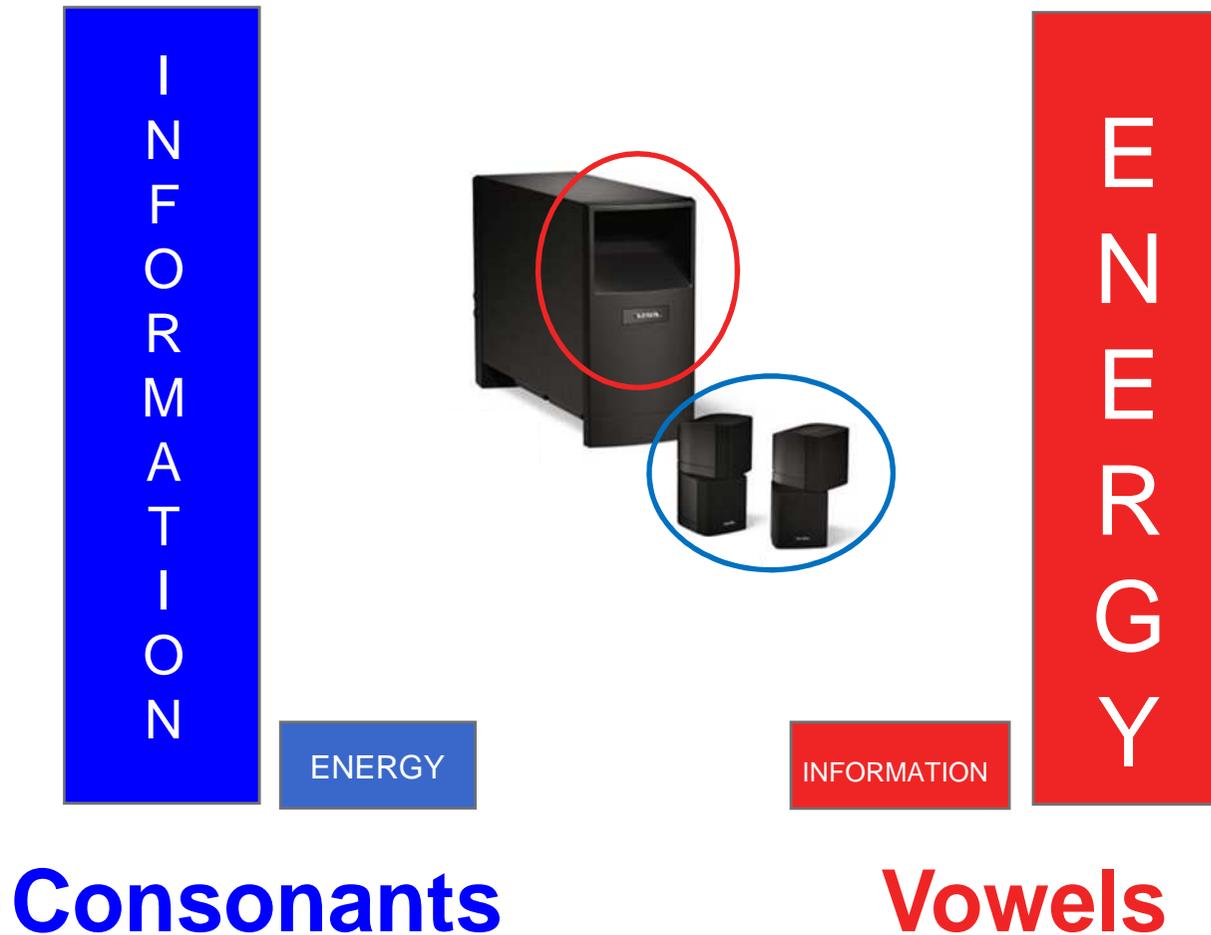
Typical persons hearing threshold



1. Impaired hearing



Speech (im)balance - Information and Energy





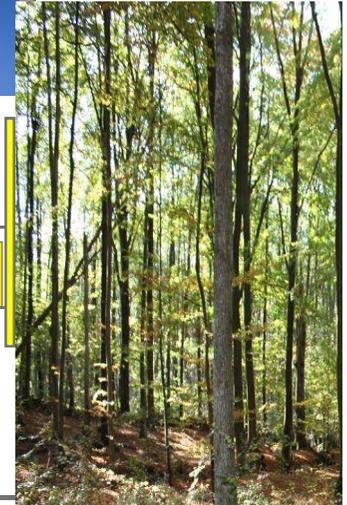
Summary for speech and listener comfort

Traditional teaching and group work

Speaker
comfort



Listener comfort



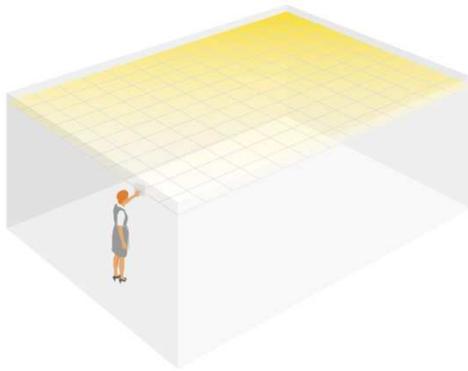
Acoustic Sky

Acoustic Forest

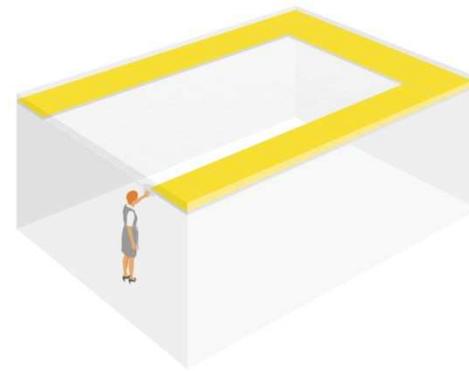
Reflector

Benefits of combined acoustic systems

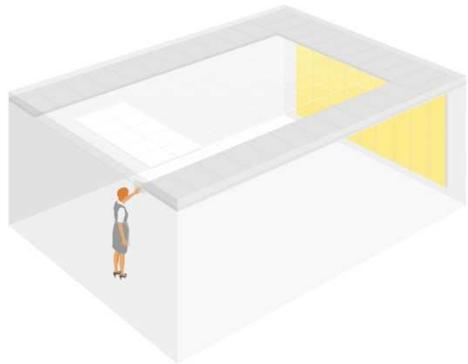
1. Lower sound levels



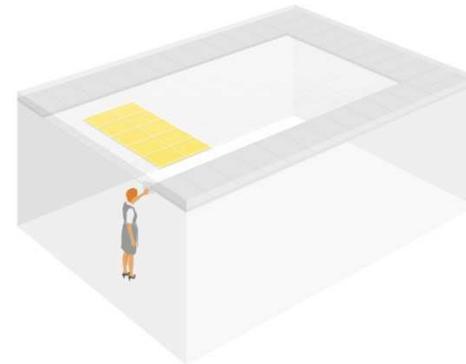
2. Balance speech & hearing frequencies



3. Increase the speech intelligibility



4. Increase speaker comfort



Flexible classroom solutions - beyond min standards

Working environment – Teachers` speech comfort

Learning environment – Students` listening comfort



Other spaces, beyond the traditional classroom

Moving around, communicating and concentrating

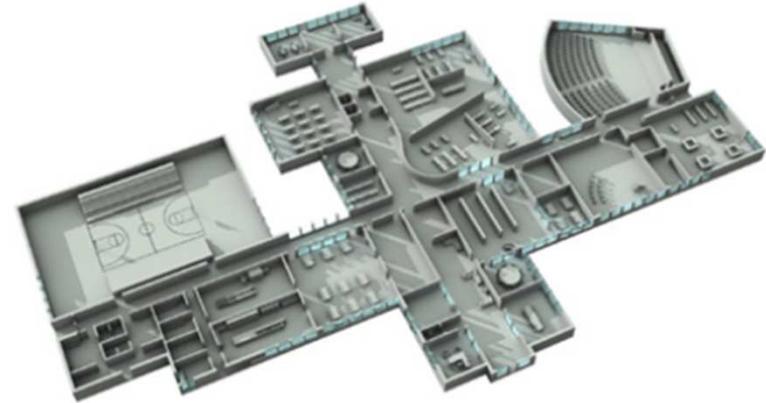
As students and teachers leave one class they should be able to relax and prepare for the next one. But since corridors and breakout spaces are increasingly used as learning environments and group work areas during lesson hours, they have become areas that are highly multipurpose. At any given time there can be people moving from class to class, students talking and playing around, group work and individual students trying to concentrate. If left unchecked, a cacophony of noise will easily be created. The noise will spread throughout the space and can also enter adjoining classrooms.

The key to turning these spaces into good sound environments is to stop sound from spreading.

Challenge: To reduce sound levels and to prevent sound from spreading.

Solution: Using a sound-absorbing ceiling with good absorption qualities and high efficiency in reducing sound propagation, and wall absorbers wherever needed and possible.

Corridors and breakout spaces need to be able to cope with the unexpected. It is therefore a good idea to make sure that the ceiling is impact-resistant. This will increase its durability.



Ecophon[®]
SAINT-GOBAIN

A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE

Educational Environments Research

- Innovative Learning Environments and Teacher Change



Australasian educators and their industry partners are going to explore how space enhances teaching

The University of Melbourne's *Learning Environments Applied Research Network (LEaRN)* is partnering schools in NSW, Queensland, the ACT, Victoria and New Zealand to research how teachers can utilise 'innovative learning environments' to improve their teaching skills.

The *Innovative Learning Environments and Teacher Change* project was awarded a four-year ARC

Ecophon[®]
SAINT-GOBAIN

A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE

ILETC – background and aims

- It is becoming clear that **new learning environments require new teaching methods**, and apart from a small number of examples, teaching practices in ILEs remain the same as in traditional classrooms.
- This project aims to demonstrate how **maximising the use of ILEs facilitates improved teaching practices and learning outcomes**. It will collect data on how teachers enable learning most effectively in ILEs and identify causal evidence concerning the relationship between quality teaching and effective use of ILEs.

This project will **bridge the gap between the unrealised educational potential of innovative learning environment design and how they are currently used**



ILETC – further aims

- Develop mechanisms to **identify "teacher mindset" characteristics.**
- Develop strategies to **assist teachers to maximise benefits available by the spaces in which they teach.**
- Conduct research on the effect this increased knowledge has on the **quality of teaching, student's deep learning and learning outcomes.**

Can altering teacher mind frames **unlock the potential of innovative learning environments**

Collaborating on effective use of these learning spaces

Acoustics is included, 1st time in a large pedagogic study



Beyond traditional cellular learning spaces...

Key considerations for a transition from cellular to open learning landscapes.

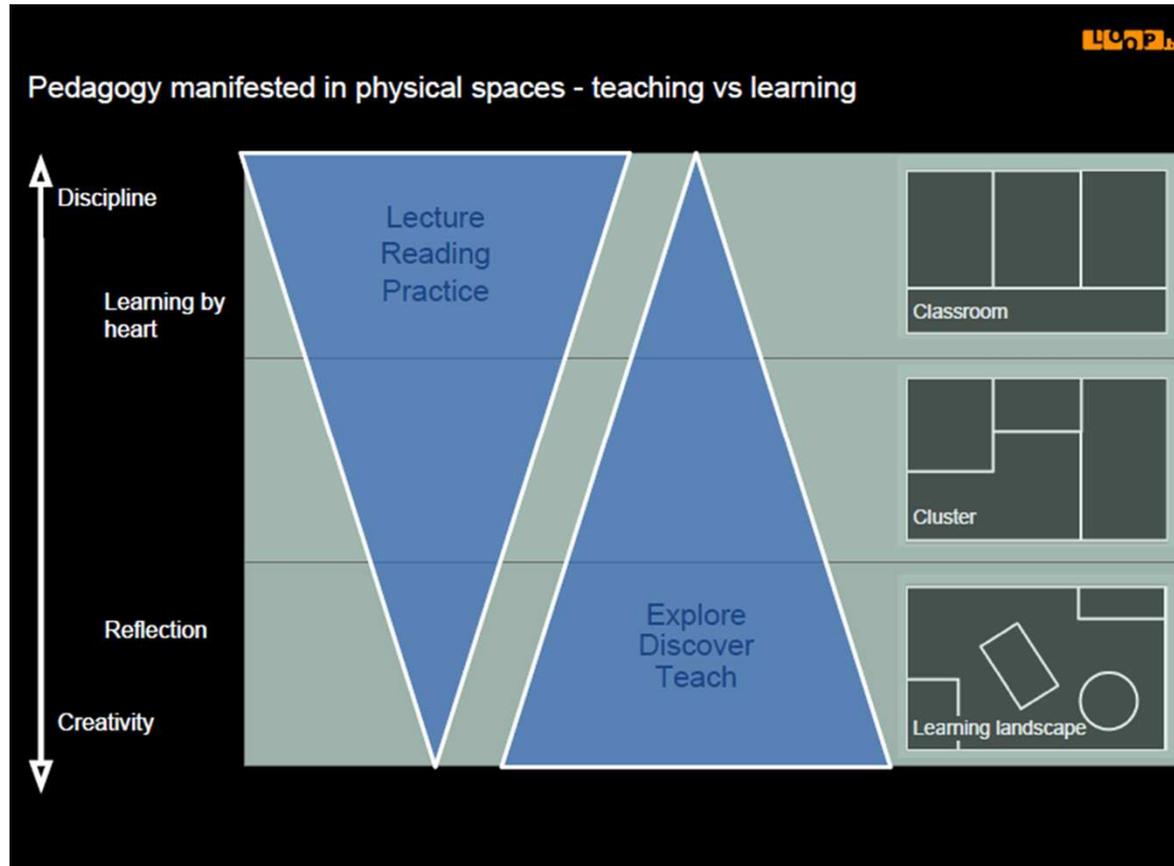
Guidance for the transition from cellular to open learning:

1. Educational vision
2. Pedagogic approach
3. Activity Based Working
4. Case study examples
5. Simple Activity Based Acoustic Design guidance

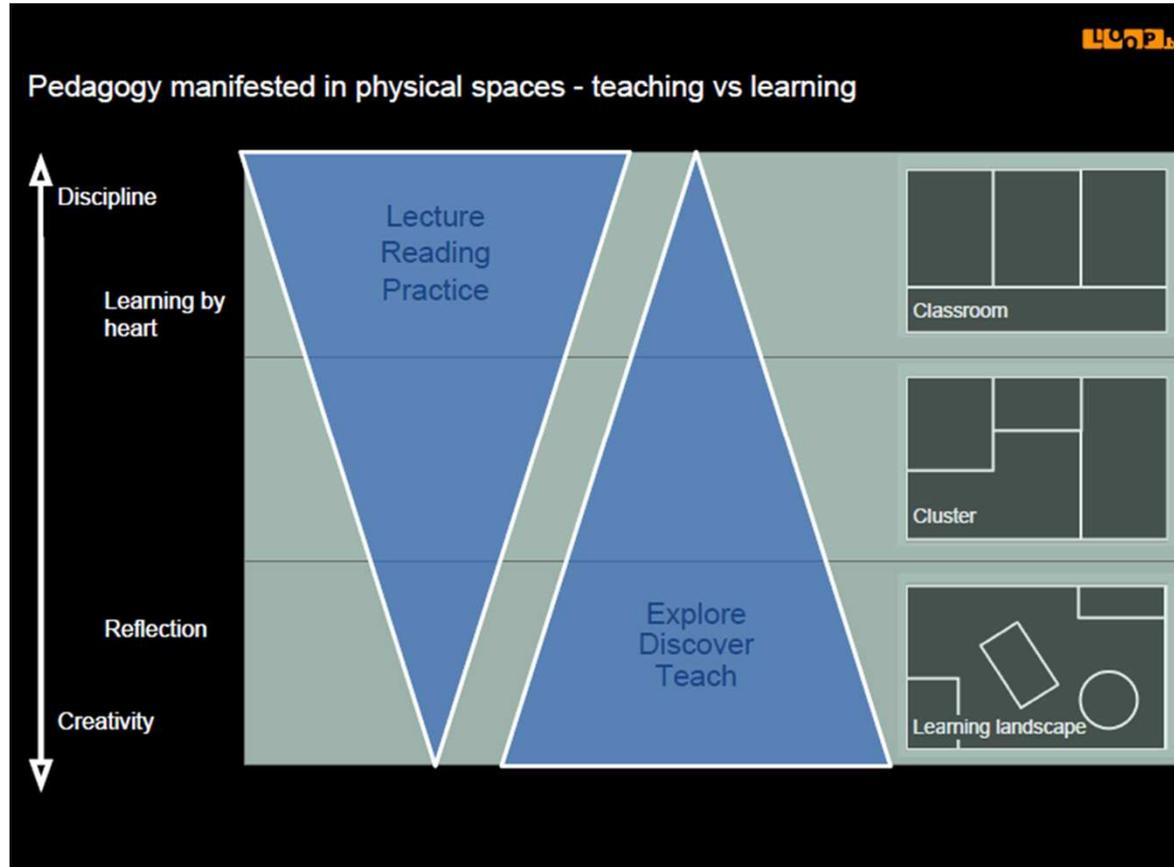


Figure 1. Dovey and Fisher's learning space typologies (2014), adapted by Soccio & Cleveland, 2015

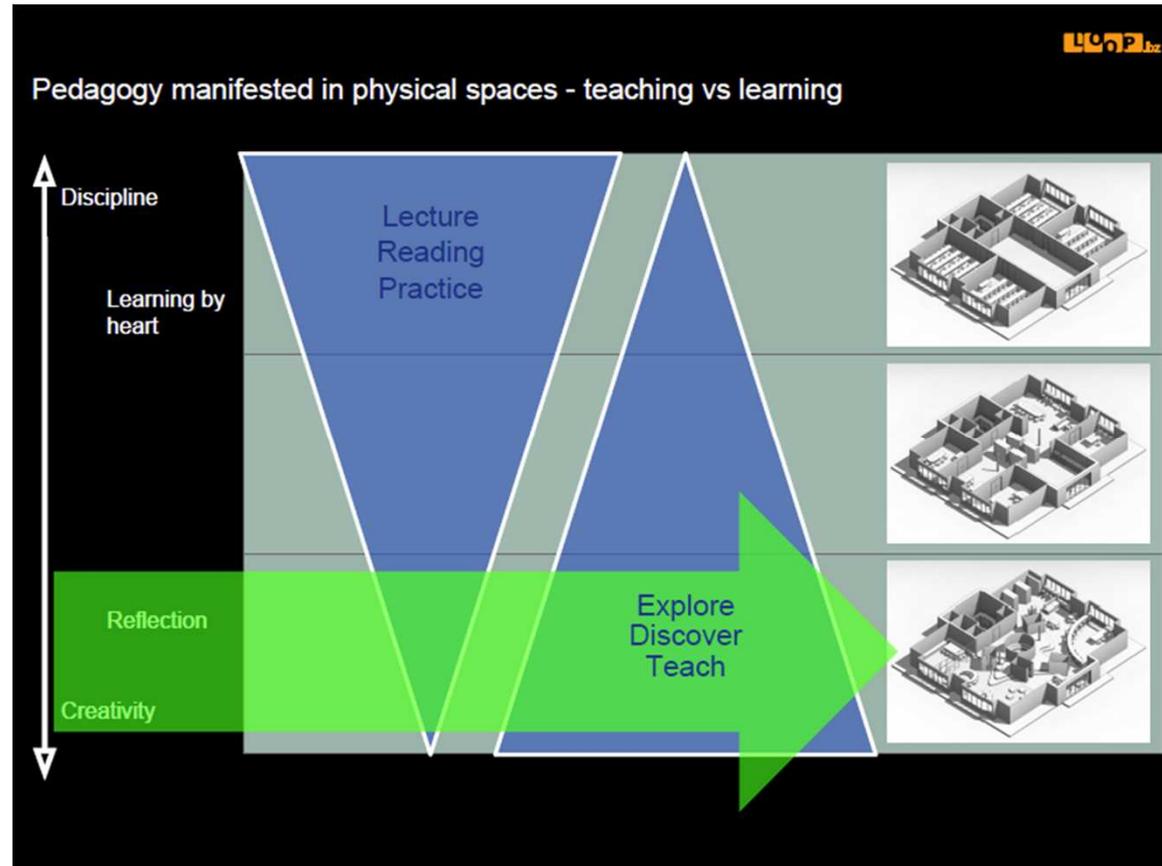
Innovative Learning Environments.....



Teaching control vs Learning Freedom



Matching the activities to the spaces



Mobility - for teachers as well as students



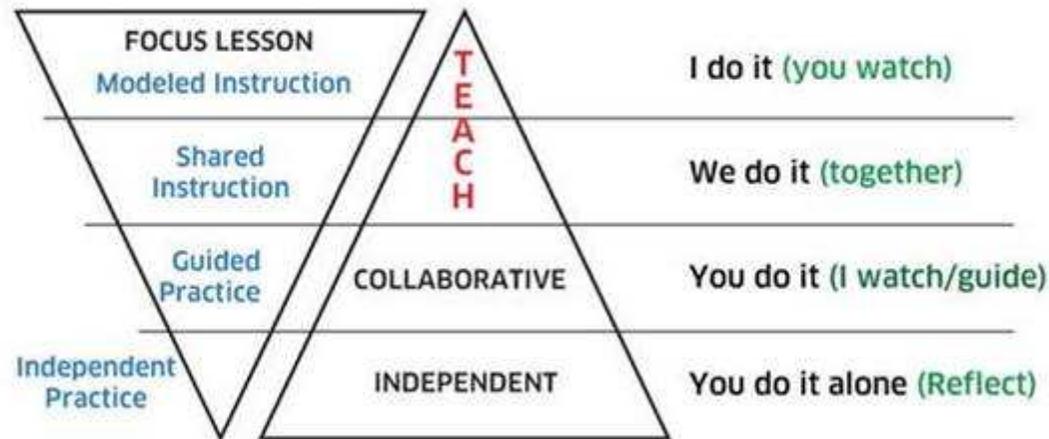
If collaboration is important, how frequently do teachers engage in it? The picture is actually mixed. When it comes to informal exchange and co-ordination, teachers are generally very active. However, the kind of deep professional collaboration I referred to ... is actually quite rare ... And the picture is similar for collaborative professional development ... on this you still find only a third of teachers doing this at least once per month. And least frequent is classroom observation that you also saw closely related to job satisfaction.

(Andreas Schleicher, OECD 2016)

Devolved responsibility for learning

The Gradual Release Model

TEACHER RESPONSIBILITY



STUDENT RESPONSIBILITY

Figure 1: The Gradual Release Model

Teaching and Learning Typologies - ILETC

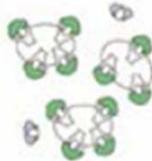
Typology 1:
Teacher facilitated presentation,
direct instruction or
large group discussion.



Typology 2:
Teacher facilitated small
group discussion
or instruction.



Typology 3:
Team teacher facilitated
presentation, direct instruction
or large group discussion.



Typology 4:
Collaborative/shared learning,
supported by teachers
as needed.



Typology 5:
One-on-one instruction.



Typology 6:
Individual learning.



Learning Space Typologies - ILETC



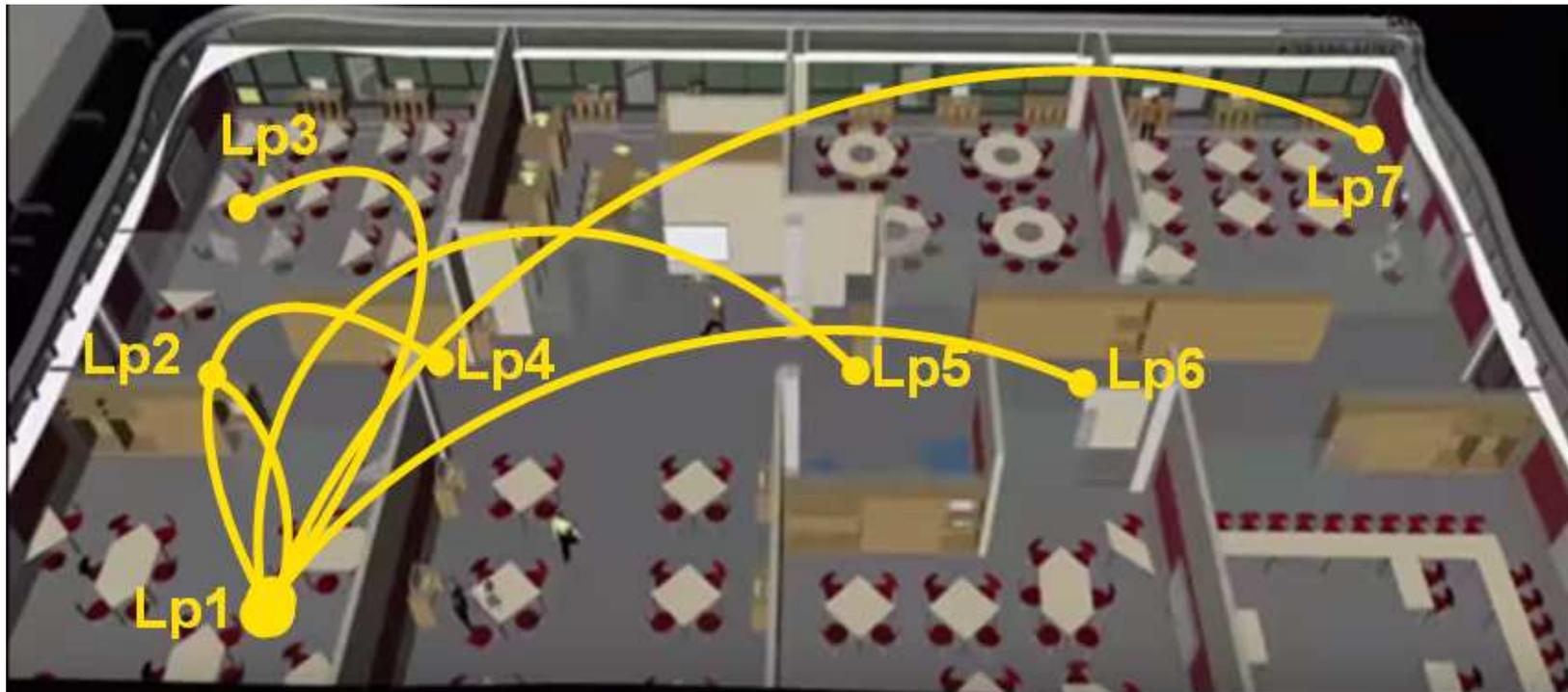
Figure 1. Dovey and Fisher's learning space typologies (2014), adapted by Soccio & Cleveland, 2015

Witzenhausen semi-open school

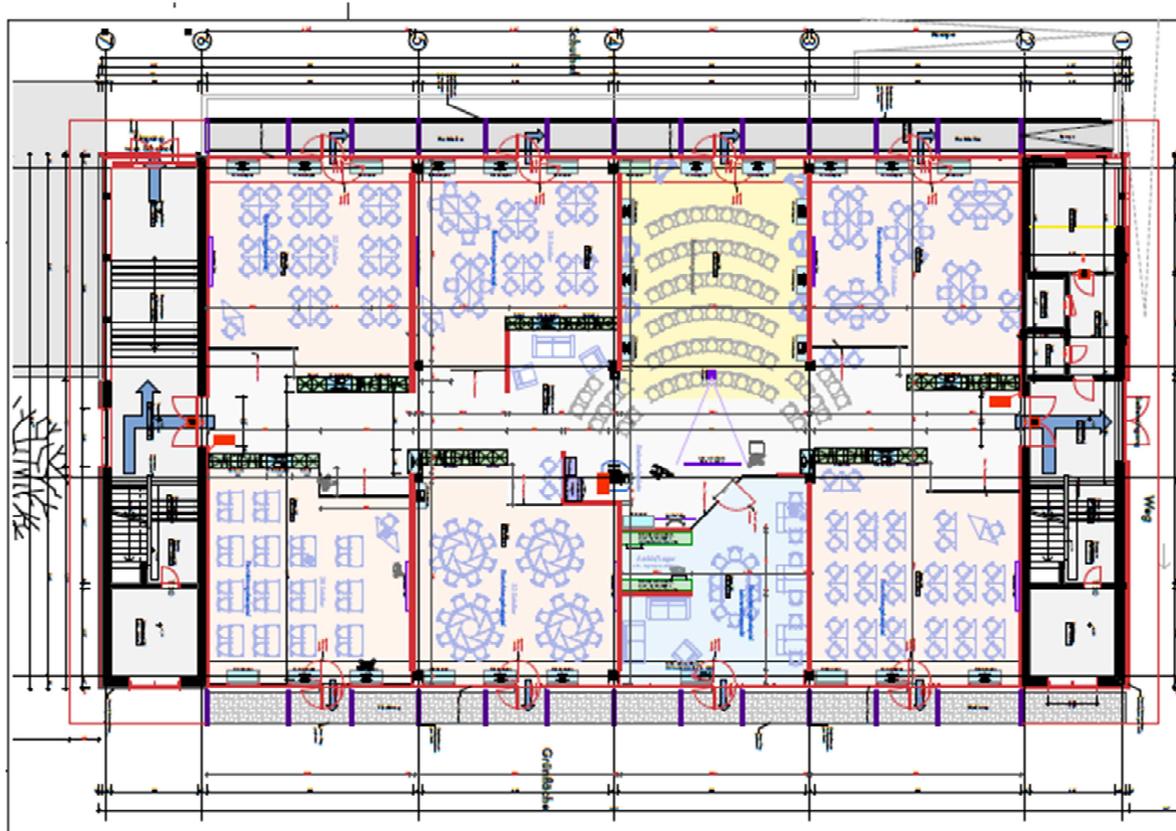
-Pedagogically open but acoustically closed



Sound mapping across the spaces

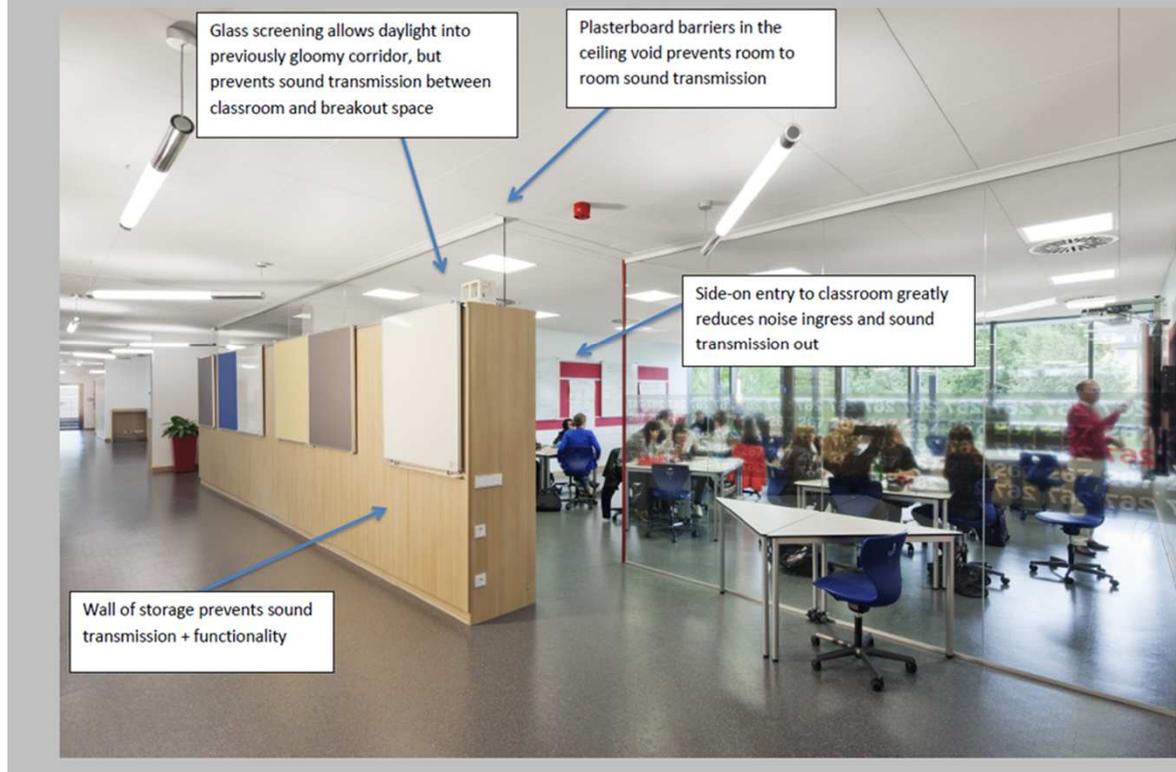


Witzenhausen Semi-open school case study



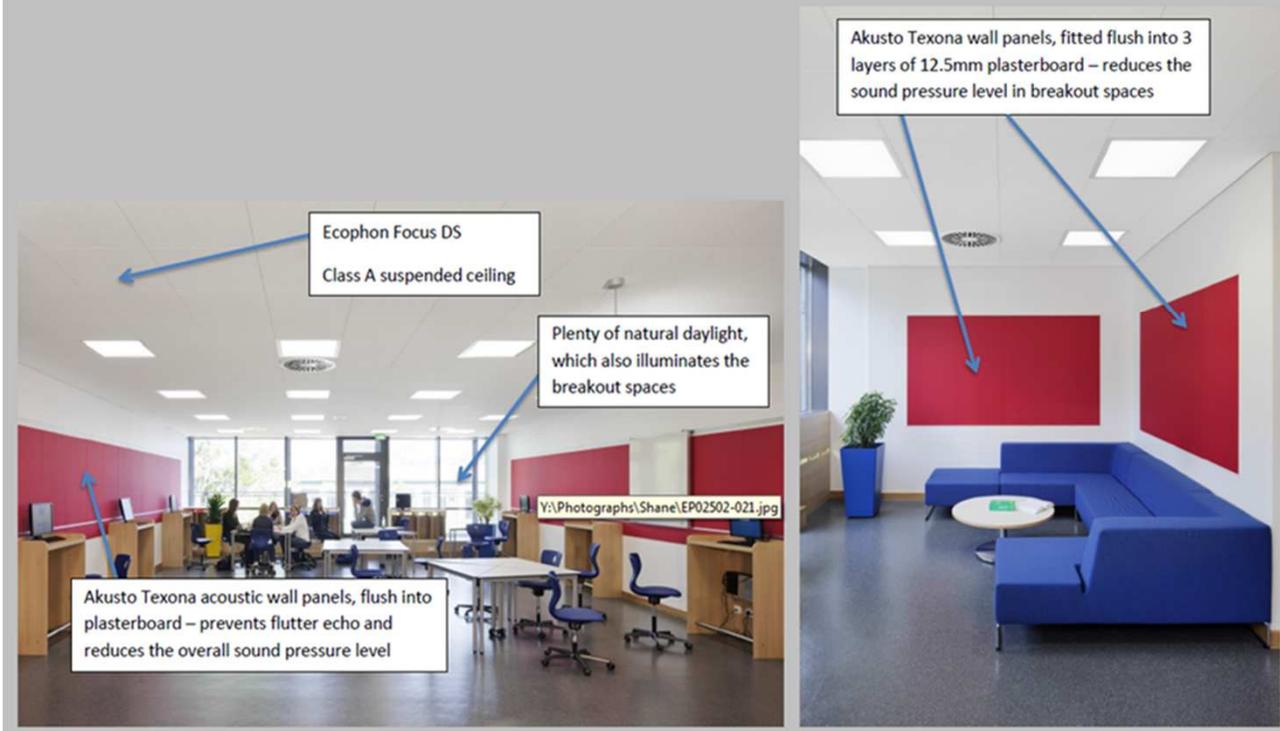
Typical classroom space

Witzenhausen School, Germany –
how to create a semi-open learning environment, with successful acoustic detailing



Breakout and multi-purpose spaces

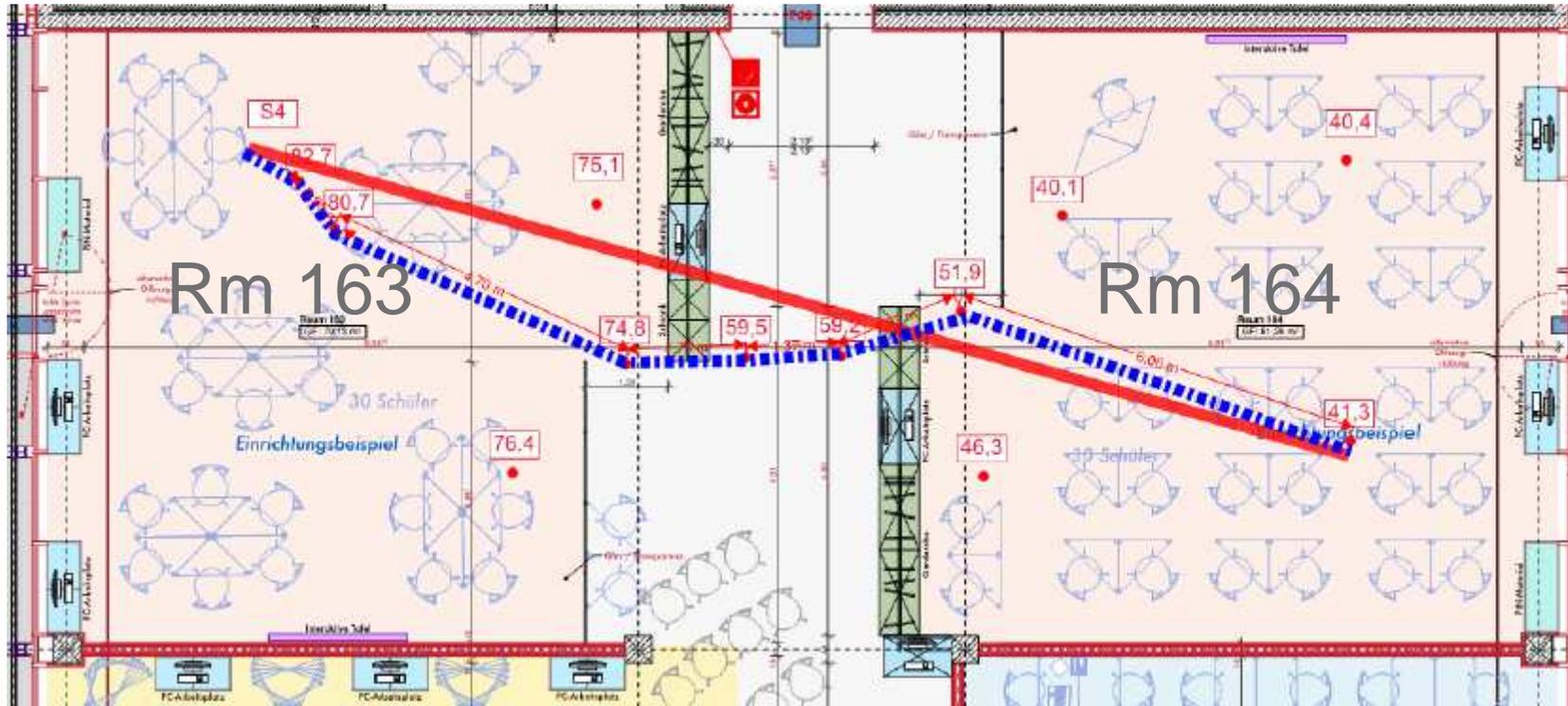
Witzenhausen School, Germany –
how to create a semi-open learning environment, with successful acoustic detailing



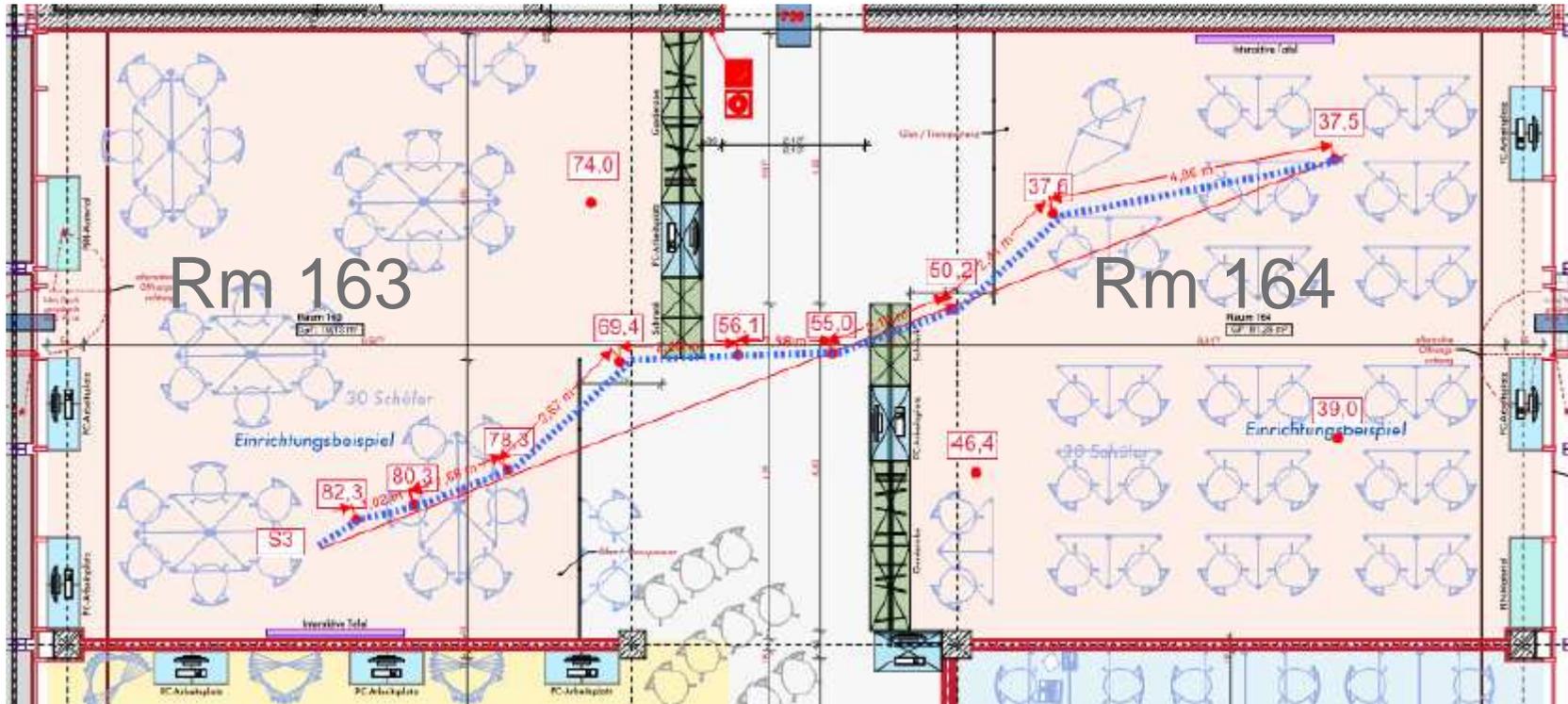
Balancing transparency & acoustic control



Sound reduction over distance



Line of sight vs line of sound



Sound reduction from classroom to classroom

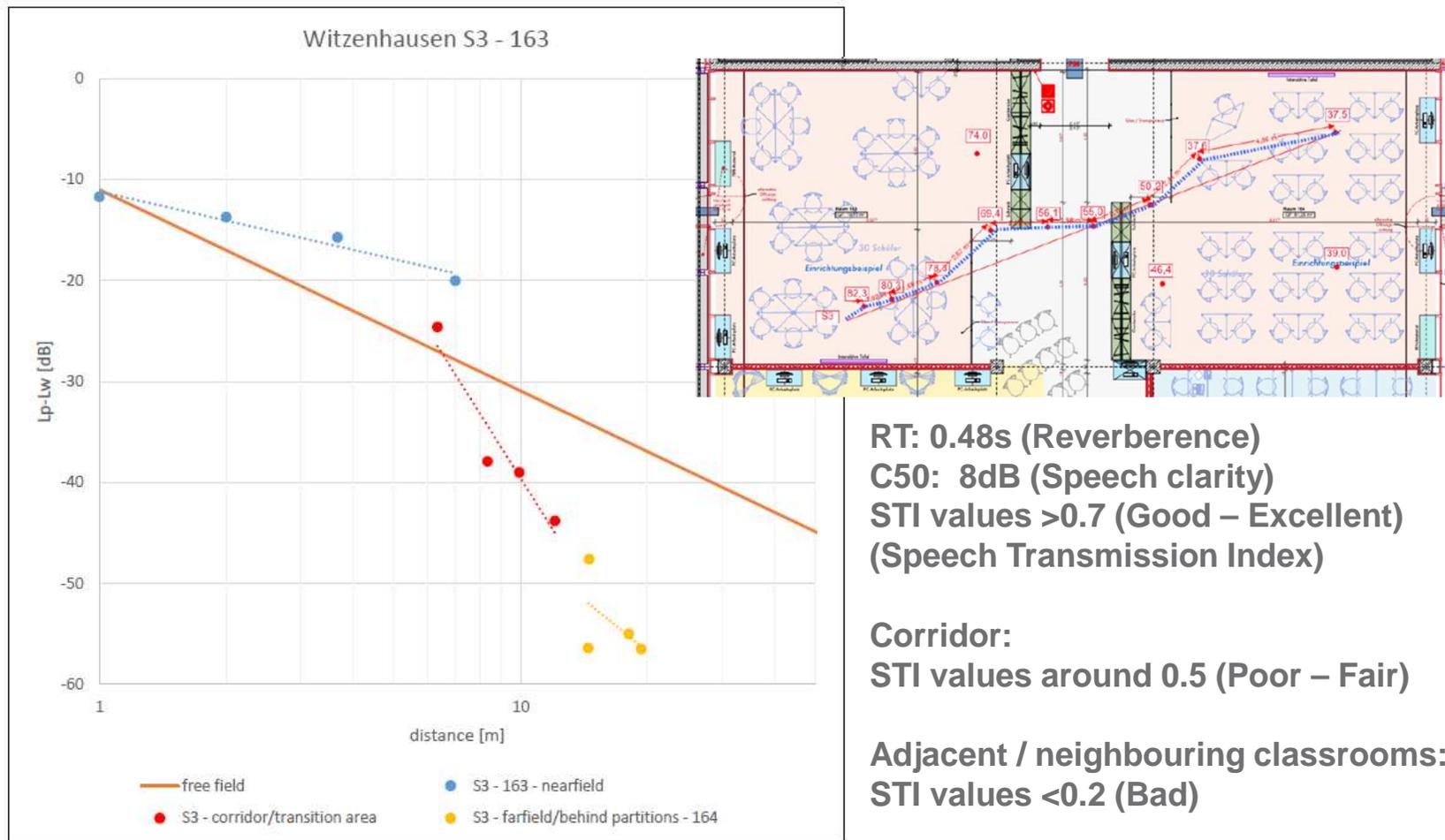
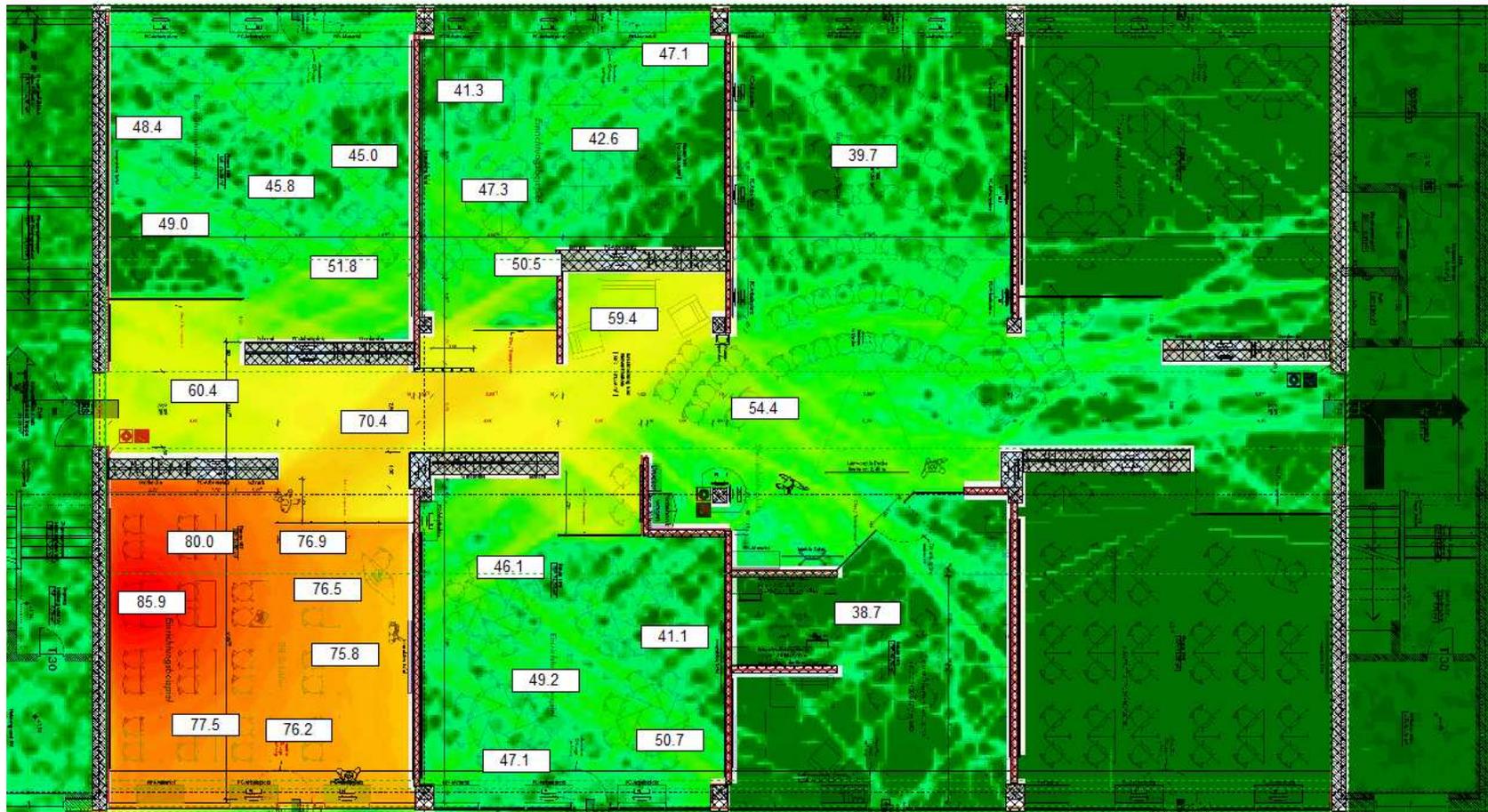


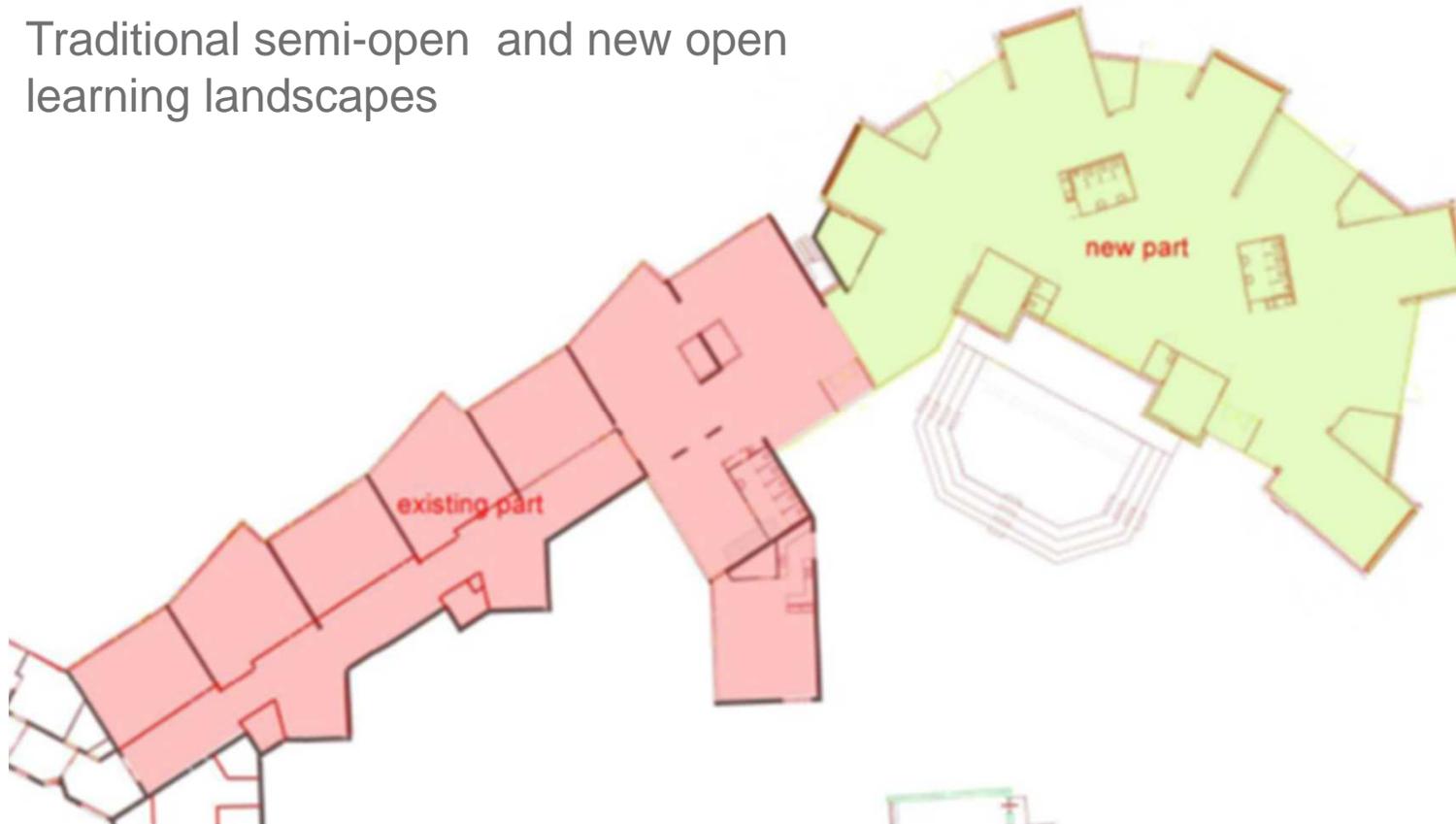
Figure 4.8
Sound propagation along measurement path S3.

2D sound mapping – speech perception



Werkplaats existing & extension building

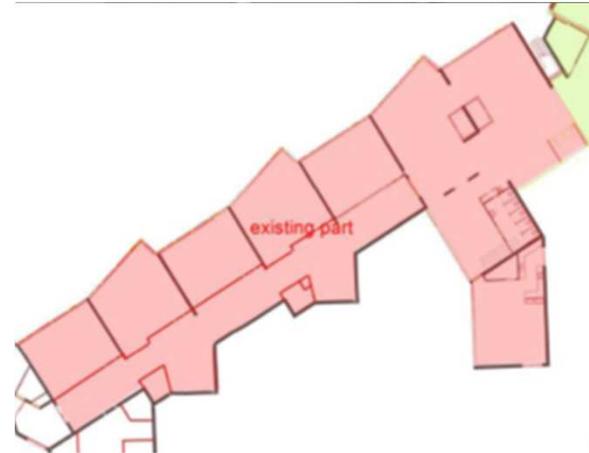
Traditional semi-open and new open learning landscapes



Existing classroom - sliding door



De Werkplaats School in the Netherlands



Sound mapping across the spaces



Sound Source	To Class breakout	To Adjacent class breakout	To Adjacent classroom
S 1			
Rm1 door open & Rm2 door open	10dB	20-25dB	27-33dB
Rm1 door closed & Rm2 door open	23dB	30-35dB	38-42dB
Rm1 door closed & Rm2 door closed	23dB	30-35dB	37-43dB*
Recommended standard for attenuation	20dB		
Recommended standard for sound insulation between rooms			40-45dB
Recommended standard for sound insulation for doorsets		30-35dB	

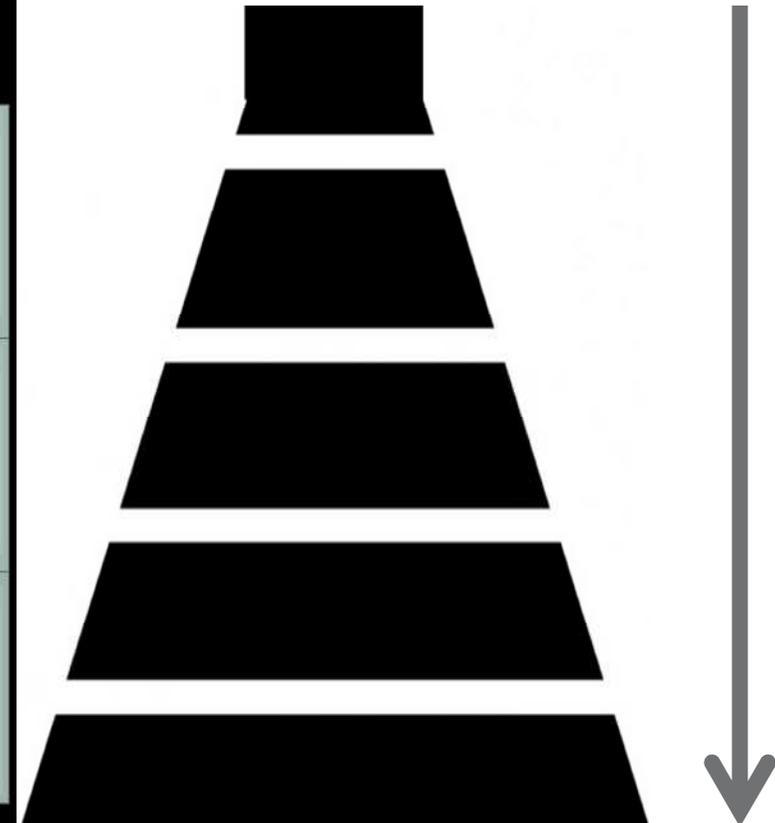
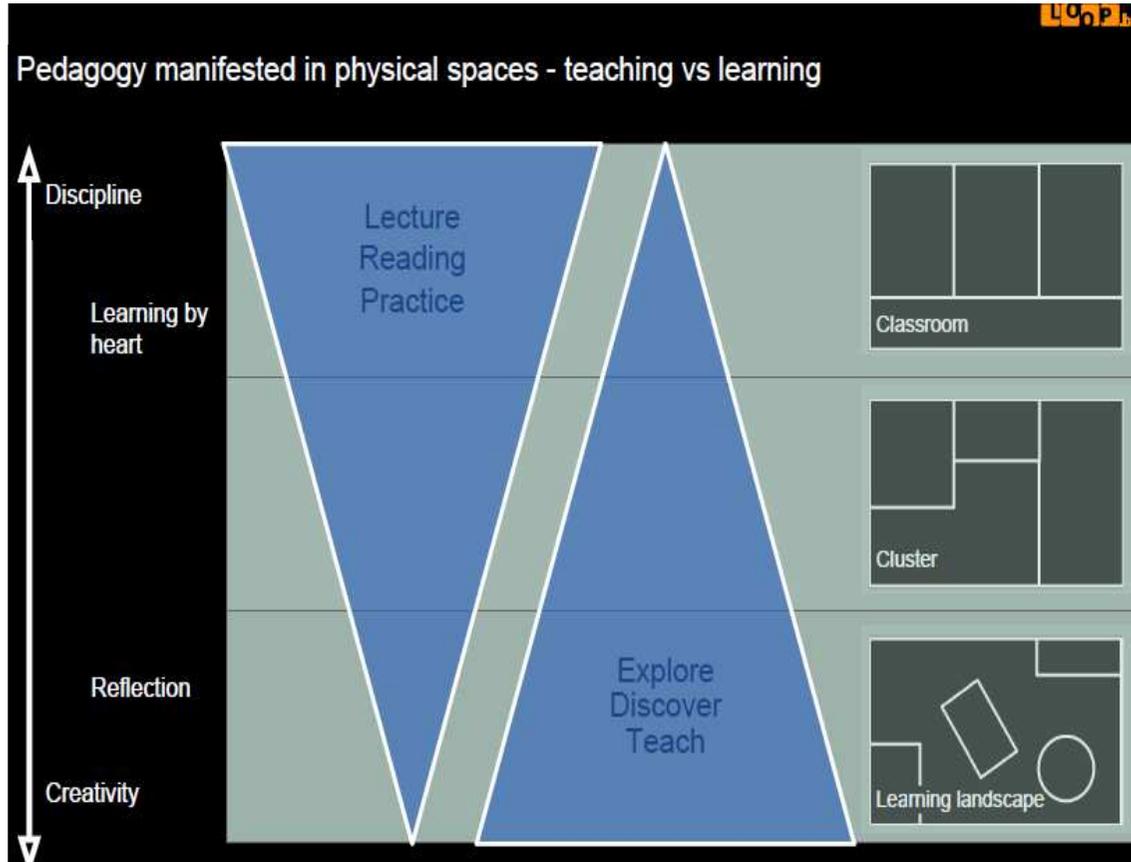


Figure 3

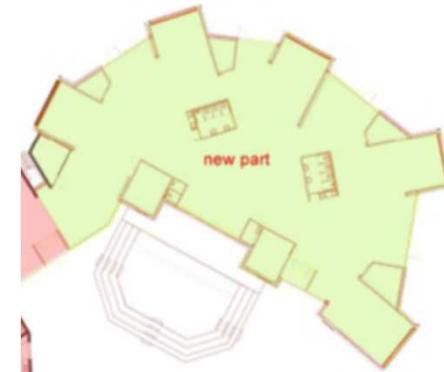
Measured sound pressure levels (L_{Aeq}) as a result of the reference sound source in position S1. Sliding door 1 is closed, sliding door 2 is open.

Age appropriate spaces - acclimatisation

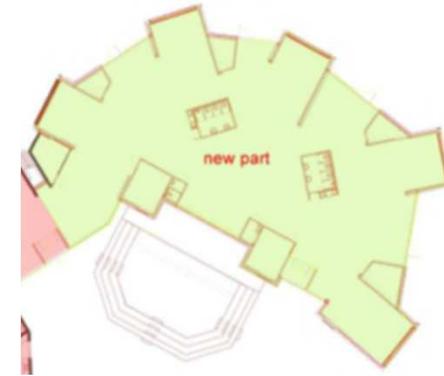
Age Funnel



Werkplaats - New Extension



Sound level reduction mapping



Data: word doc/upcoming LBPSight report & ppt

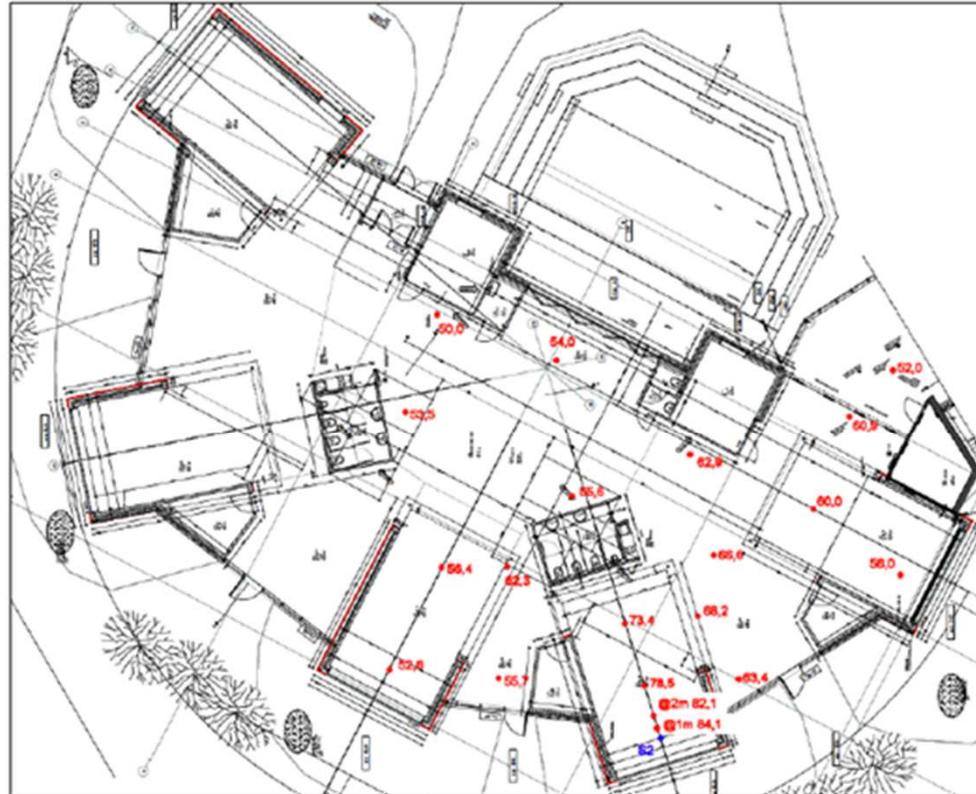
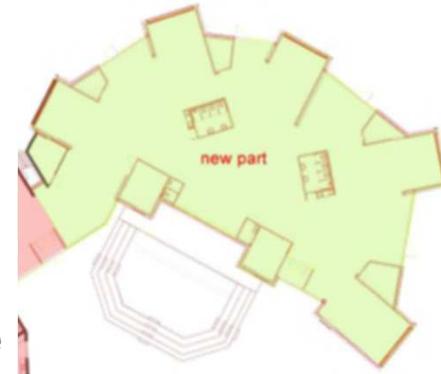


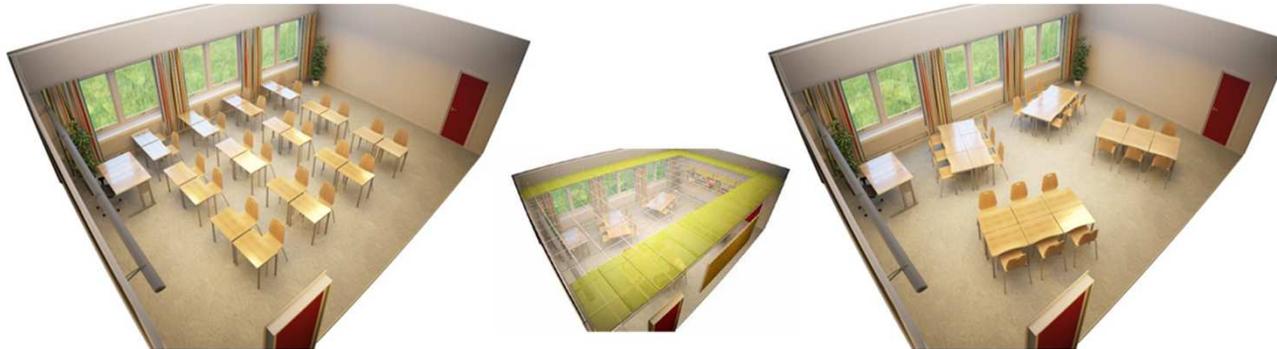
Figure 5
Measured sound pressure levels (L_{Aeq}) as a result of the reference sound source in position S2.

Werkplaats - New Extension

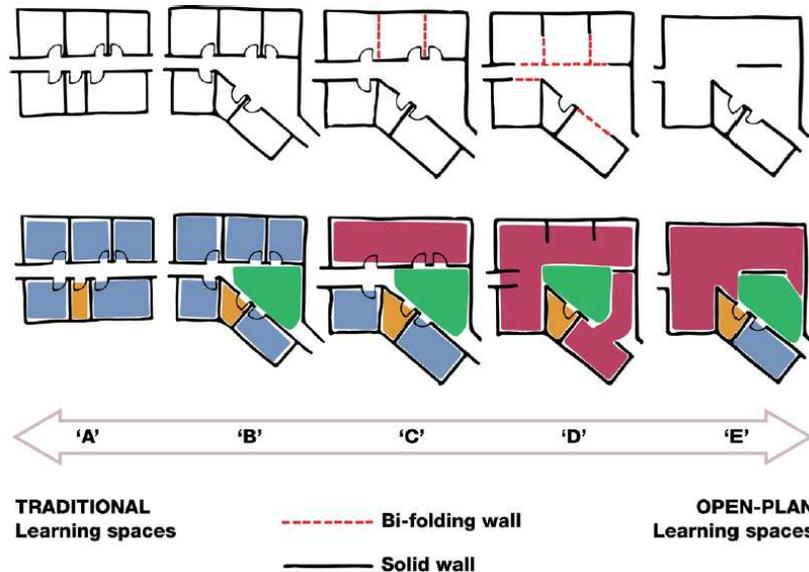
More wall absorption added to reduce class to class disturbance



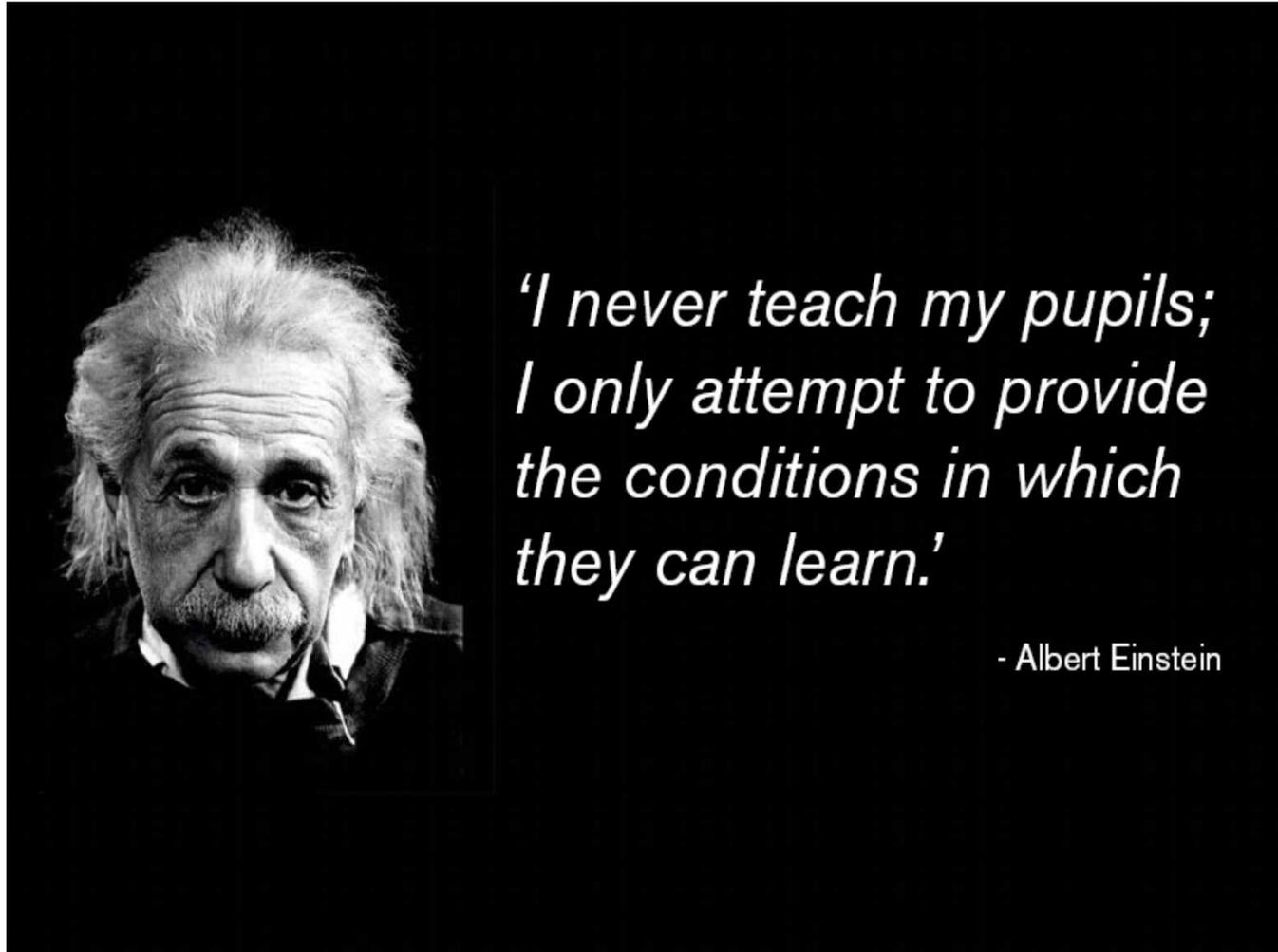
Good acoustics not just for traditional classrooms



- Starting with the key teaching and learning activities in the classroom
- Good acoustics is a necessity for all learning activity spaces



Spaces where we can hear ourselves think!



Ecophon[®]
SAINT-GOBAIN

A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE

Thank you for listening

Acophon Group



Acoustic Bulletin

Discussions Promotions Members Search

Click here to edit your hero image

Start a discussion or share something with the group...

Your Activity

Popular Recent

Green Buildings vs Good Acoustics.....
Colin Campbell

Do Green Buildings Suffer from Poorer Acoustics? sourceable net Evaluations by the Center for the Built Environment (CBE) in America reveal that green building acoustics are typically worse than traditional buildings.

Like (4) • Comment (11) • Unfollow - 5 months ago

• Evert de Ruijter, Lindsay Beck and 2 others like this

See all 11 comments

Colin Campbell Hi Linda, if I understand correctly, we could almost say defenestration! So points are awarded but not joined up with for example, an ... 2 months ago

Paige Hodman There are so many physiological and psychological acoustic considerations related to health and well-being that are not yet fully ... 2 months ago

Derrick Knight Yes, quiet rooms are a big problem in several corporate spaces I've seen recently. In one they had hard floors, ceiling and all glass ... 2 months ago

Add a Comment...



Online news service
about room acoustics

YouTube



AcousticBulletin

BROUGHT TO YOU BY ECOPHON

WELCOME TO OUR REJUVENATED ACOUSTIC BULLETIN, THE PLACE TO GO FOR THE LATEST NEWS ON INDOOR ACOUSTIC ENVIRONMENT.

First time visitors? Click here for guidance.

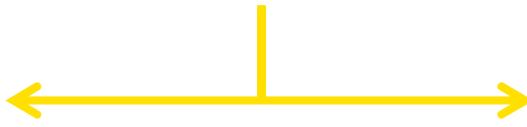
LATEST POSTS

nt Leadership Challenge 2014

01 Jul 10:11 AM **Acoustic Bulletin** More than 120 films on sound and acoustics as a resource for you!

30 Jun 10:05 AM **Acoustic Bulletin** Elderly care acoustics makes the news in NL

<http://www.acousticbulletin.com/>



Acoustic Bulletin

Acophon Acoustic Bulletin is our news service about room acoustics—research, standardisation, interesting discussions.

3,327 Followers

143 Photos/Videos

72 Retweets

597 Likes

26 Favorites

Mer

Tweets

Retweeted by Acoustic Bulletin

Soren George @smg24 15 aug Left @trevor_cox's lecture with ears re-calibrated -> @edbookfest

Retweeted by Acoustic Bulletin

YDFN New Zealand @ydfnnewzealand 31 jul Tomorrow is Silent Leadership Challenge in New Zealand acousticbulletin.com/silent-leaders...

Retweeted by Acoustic Bulletin

IDA @ida 29 jul How Background TV Noise Harms kids' Learning And Brain Functioning medicaldaily.com/tv-background...

Retweeted by Acoustic Bulletin

Lindsay Beck @lbeck 11 jul multi-sensorylearning theguardian.co



facebook

Acoustic Bulletin

Acoustic Bulletin

BROUGHT TO YOU BY ECOPHON

43 gilla markeringar

Acoustic Bulletin is our news service about room acoustics—research, standardisation, interesting discussions, Ecophon etc.

http://www.acousticbulletin.com/

Acoustic Bulletin is a channel av personer

Great TEDx talk about the importance of sound in offices, schools and other environments. Recommended! (press CC / subtitles if you don't get English subtitles automatically)



Ecophon[®]
SAINT-GOBAIN

A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE